

# Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

# NOTES AND NEWS

## AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

Page-proofs of the second volume of the Annual Report for 1908 have been read; the index is being prepared. The Annual Report for 1909, one volume, will shortly be set up. Besides the material coming from the last annual meeting, it will contain the annual bibliography of books and articles in American history hitherto published under the title Writings on American History. The Annual Report for 1910 will contain, in volume I., the material derived from the Indianapolis meeting, that from the meeting of the Pacific Coast Branch, the annual bibliography for 1910, and reports of the Public Archives Commission on the archives of Indiana, Kentucky, and Nebraska. For the last-named commission, Professor Charles M. Andrews has undertaken to prepare, from the official materials in the Public Record Office, a list of governors' commissions and instructions and of representations of the Board of Trade. The Committee on Bibliography expects soon to have ready its list of volumes of historical sources in American libraries. The Report of the Committee of Five on History in Secondary Schools will shortly be published by the Macmillan Company in two forms, separately and in conjunction with the Report of the Committee of Seven which it reviews.

The biennial *Handbook* of the Association will be compiled and printed during the early part of the present year. Members are urgently requested to supply the secretary with such data respecting their degrees, academic or other positions, addresses, etc., as they wish to have included in the published list of members.

Mr. Notestein's Adams prize essay on the History of Witchcraft in England will before long be sent to the press.

The Pacific Coast Branch held its annual meeting at Berkeley, November 18 and 19. The presidential address by Professor E. D. Adams was on the Point of View of the British Traveller in America, 1819–1860. Papers were read on the Place of the Utah Pioneers in Western History, by Professor Levi E. Young, on the Attitude of Congress toward the Pacific Railway, by Professor A. M. Kline, on Oregon Pioneers and American Diplomacy, by Professor Joseph Schafer, and on various other topics in European and American history. Professor Bernard Moses was elected president, and Mr. H. W. Edwards of the Oakland High School, secretary and treasurer.

An annual bibliography of American history, prepared by Miss Grace G. Griffin, has for three years been published by the Macmillan Company, at the cost of a group of subscribing societies and individuals, under the titles, Writings on American History, 1906, 1907, 1908, continuing the Writings on American History, 1903, published by the Carnegie Institution of Washington. That the permanence of this valuable implement of research may be assured, the American Historical Association, already one of the subscribing societies, has resolved to include the bibliography for 1909 and subsequent years in its Annual Reports for those years. The existing volumes will, for the present, continue to be published by the Macmillan Company. The material for 1909 is completed, that for 1910 partially so.

In the series of Original Narratives of Early American History the volume of Narratives of Early Maryland, edited by Mr. Clayton C. Hall of the Maryland Historical Society, was published in October. The volume entitled Narratives of Early Carolina, edited by Mr. A. S. Salley, Jr., is now in press. To announcements previously made it is now possible to add that of a volume of Narratives of the Insurrections of 1689 (and Bacon's Rebellion), to be edited by Professor Charles M. Andrews of Yale University.

#### PERSONAL

Count Albert Vandal, member of the French Academy, and professor in the École Libre des Sciences Politiques, died August 30, aged fifty-seven. His chief works were, Louis XV. et Elisabeth de Russie (1882); Napoléon et Alexandre Ier (1891, 1893, 1896); and L'Avènement de Bonaparte (1902, 1903).

Professor Karl Daendliker of Zurich died September 14, at the age of sixty-one. Besides his Geschichte der Schweiz (Zurich, 1884–1887), perhaps the most widely esteemed of general histories of Switzerland, he had published the first two volumes (1908, 1909) of a most valuable Geschichte der Stadt und des Kantons Zürich; the third and final volume may have been left so nearly complete as to warrant publication.

The late Henry Harrisse bequeathed about 150 volumes and pamphlets of his own works, annotated by himself, and a small number of valuable maps, to the Library of Congress.

Professor Charles M. Andrews lectures at the University of Wisconsin in January, and is to give a course of lectures on American colonial history at the University of Helsingfors in October, 1911.

Dr. H. M. Klein has been made professor of history at Franklin and Marshall College.

The regents of the University of Arizona have advanced Mr. H. A. E. Chandler from the position of assistant professor in history and economics to that of professor of economics and history.

Professor Herbert E. Bolton of Stanford University has accepted a call to the University of California, to serve as professor of American history from July 1 next.

Mr. W. L. Grant, hitherto Beit lecturer on colonial history in the University of Oxford, has been made professor of colonial and Canadian history at Queen's University, Kingston. The Rev. John Dall of Rothesay, Scotland, has been made professor of church history in the same institution.

## GENERAL

A "Universal Races Congress" will be held in London on July 26-29, 1911. Its object is "to discuss, in the light of modern knowledge and the modern conscience, the general relations subsisting between the peoples of the West and those of the East, between so-called white and so-called colored peoples, with a view to encouraging between them a fuller understanding, the most friendly feelings, and a heartier co-operation". The programme provides for the consideration of such subjects as anthropological and social views of race, race equality, national autonomy and civic responsibility, the influence of geographic, economic, and political conditions, the position of women, tendencies toward parliamentary rule, the government of colonies and dependencies, interracial economics, the influence of missions, the African problem, the negro in America, the mixed races of Brazil, etc. The president of the congress is Lord Weardale, the general secretary, to whom all inquiries should be addressed, is Mr. G. Spiller, 63 South Hill Park, Hampstead, London.

Messrs. D. Appleton and Company expect to publish about February I the first issue, covering the year 1910, of the American Year Book: a Record of Events and Progress. Representatives of twenty-nine of the great national learned societies act as a supervisory board, with Professor A. B. Hart as chairman. The managing editor is Mr. S. N. D. North, formerly the director of the United States Census. The book will be a royal octavo volume of about eight hundred pages, and is intended to contain in systematic order an adequate account of American events and progress in all the great fields of activity. The main divisions will be comparative statistics, history and law, government and administration, functions of government, economics and social questions, industries and occupations, science and engineering, the humanities, and a chronological and necrological record. The series is thus adapted to serve as a record of advance in a wide variety of fields, with chief but not exclusive reference to American affairs.

Just before his death M. Léopold Delisle had prepared, at the instance of M. Honoré Champion, a twofold guide for cataloguers, of manuscripts and of early printed books, which is now published under the title Instructions pour la Rédaction d'un Catalogue de Manuscrits et pour la Rédaction d'un Inventaire des Incunables conservés dans les Bibliothèques Publiques de France (Paris, Champion, 1910, pp. 99). The text, a product of unrivalled experience, and the illustrative

examples, 50 in the first section, 116 in the second, are well worthy the attention of medievalists who are not themselves cataloguers.

The manual for the classification and description of archives prepared by the Dutch archivists, Drs. Muller, Feith, and Fruin, best known by its German translation by Dr. Hans Kaiser (1905), under the title Anleitung zum Ordnen und Beschreiben von Archiven, has been translated into French and adapted to the use of French and Belgian archivists, by Messrs. Henri Stein, of the Archives Nationales, and Joseph Cuvelier, of the Archives Générales of Belgium, with a preface by Professor Pirenne of the University of Ghent. The title of the translation is Manuel pour le Classement et la Description des Archives (Hague, A. de Jager, 1910).

The Cambridge University Press have just issued volume XII. of the Cambridge Modern History, entitled The Latest Age. This completes the work, save that a volume of maps and one of lists and general index will be added.

The publication of the fiftieth volume of Schulthess' Europäischer Geschichtskalendar, founded in 1861, draws special attention to this remarkable publication, still probably the leading one of the kind. H. v. Sybel wrote the introduction for the first volume; the first twenty-five volumes were edited by Schulthess himself, and the list of later editors includes Dr. Ernst Delbrück (1885–1886), Professor H. Delbrück (1887–1893), Dr. Roloff, and Dr. Ludwig Riess.

No one need be without an historical atlas now that Mr. J. M. Dent has brought out an Atlas of Historical Geography: Europe, with maps by Bartholomew, in his marvellously cheap series called Everyman's Library. There are some forty-five beautifully executed historical maps, small but simple, made with a reasonable amount of scholarship, as many more of modern geography, a score of small battle-maps, a score of maps illustrating literary works, and a hundred pages of well-made gazetteer and index. Similar volumes for America and the other continents are promised.

In a new series of text-books on economics, political science, and sociology, to be issued by the Macmillan Company under the editorship of Professor Richard T. Ely, there is to be a History of Economic Thought by Professor L. H. Haney and a History of Sociological Thought by President George E. Vincent.

The School of Peace, a foundation due to Mr. Edwin Ginn, has as its executive head President David S. Jordan of Stanford University. Among measures taken by it for the advancement of the peace movement an interesting development is that of a course at that university, in which Professor E. B. Krehbiel will instruct on the historical and statistical aspects of the effects of war.

The publishing house of Kurt Habitzsch, Würzburg, has begun the publication of a series entitled Darstellungen über Früh- und Vorgeschichtliche Kultur-, Kunst-, und Völkerentwickelung. Two volumes have appeared under the editorship of Professor Gustaf Kossinna.

Under the title, De la Méthode dans les Sciences et dans l'Histoire, Professor A. D. Xenopol of the University of Bucharest has published through F. Bichon and Durand Auzias, Paris, the course of lectures delivered by him in the Collège de France in 1908.

A summary of the results of a wide range of archaeological work is contained in Band 30 of Professor Eduard Heyck's Monographien zur Weltgeschichte, under the title Das Vorgeschichtliche Europa: Kulturen und Völker, by Dr. Hans Hahne (Bielefeld, Velhagen and Klasing, 1910).

The Gazette Press, Champaign, Illinois, publishes a *Syllabus of Continental European History* by D. H. Lloyde of the Department of History of the University of Illinois, for use in the general introductory course there in European history, medieval and modern. The *Syllabus* is of unusual extent and is marked by a profuse supply of reading lists.

An interesting contribution to methodology appears under the title "Diplomatica e Storia" in the *Annuario del R. Istituto di Studi Superiori* in Florence, 1909–1910. In this Luigi Schiaparelli deals with the methods of research in diplomatic material as compared with those in more general or more varied fields.

The publication of a history of woman's rights is no doubt well timed. G. P. Putnam's Sons have just brought out such a work by Eugene A. Hecker, bearing the title A Short History of the Progress of Woman's Rights from the Days of Augustus to the Present Time. The author has examined the status of women among the principal peoples of Europe but he has devoted his study especially to England and the United States and has laid stress on the enlargement of property rights, the growth of educational privileges, and kindred matters, as well as upon the efforts in behalf of woman suffrage.

In Professor Lamprecht's Beiträge the thirteenth heft is Die Darstellung des Individuums in den "Origines de la France Contemporaine" von Taine (Leipzig, Voigtländer, 1910, pp. 96), by Karl Fritzsche.

The Duke and Duchess of Arcos have presented to Harvard University, in memory of the late Mr. Woodbury Lowery, brother of the duchess, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, the income of which is to be awarded from year to year to some person, preferably an instructor or graduate of Harvard, to enable him to carry on research in historical archives, preferably researches relating to American history in the archives of foreign countries and more particularly in Spain.

Ranke literature has received an addition in Hans F. Helmolt's Ranke Bibliographie (Leipzig, Dyksche Buchhandlung, 1910, pp. 65). Eighteen

pages are occupied with the lists of works and translations, and the remainder by "Die Schriften über Ranke"; under this latter head are apparently embraced even quite brief references to Ranke in books on quite other themes—a kind of notice which it is manifest can be only partially represented in this limited space. The author intimates a half-formed intention of proceeding to a biography of Ranke. The publication contains as frontispiece an engraving of Ranke in 1859 referred to by the publishing house as "so gut wie unbekannt".

The sixtieth birthday of Professor Lenz, University of Berlin, was celebrated by a group of friends and pupils with a *Festschrift* bearing the title *Studien und Versuche zur Neueren Geschichte* (Berlin, Gebrüder Paetel, 1910). It contains eight essays by the following: Theodor Brieger, Felix Rachfahl, Paul Haake, Wilhelm Stolze, H. von Kämmerer, Hans Delbrück, Erich Brandenburg, Hermann Oncken.

The sixtieth birthday of Professor Karl Zeumer was celebrated by the publication as *Festgabe* of a volume of historical and juridical studies by pupils and friends (Weimar, H. Böhlaus Nachfolger, 1910). The historical contributions are in medieval history.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. Ferrero, Storia e Filosofia della Storia (Nuova Antologia, November); M. Rosenthal, Tendenzen der Entwickelung und "Gesetze" (Vierteljahrschrift für Wissenschaftliche Philosophie, XXXIV. 2).

## ANCIENT HISTORY

Historical as well as classical students will be interested in the recent publication (Gustav Fock, Leipzig, 1910) of a Catalogus Dissertationum Philologicarum Classicarum: Verzeichnis von etwa 27400 Abhandlungen aus dem Gesamtgebiete der Klassischen Philologie und Alterthumskunde. Of the 654 pages 252 deal with dissertations on Latin authors, 154 with those on Greek, and 235 with Alterthumswissenschaften including history.

There is announced Les Primitives Civilisations: Études sur la Préhistoire et l'Histoire jusqu'à la Fin de l'Empire Macédonien, by Jacques de Morvan, formerly director-general of Egyptian antiquities (Paris, E. Leroux, 1910, pp. 600). This is apparently a work of generalization, beginning with "les temps géologiques".

Dr. Philippe Virey's La Religion de l'Ancienne Égypte (Paris, Beauchesne, 1910, pp. vii, 352) is a competent general survey made up of lectures given at the Institut Catholique de Paris.

The Deutsche Orient-Gesellschaft reports as to recent progress in its excavations in Babylon and Assur in heft 43 of its *Mittheilungen*, and sums up the new light cast on history and institutions.

The new series, Entwickelungsgeschichte der Menschheit (Leipzig, Hinrichs), has added a volume by H. Schneider, Kultur und Denken der Babylonier und Juden (1910).

The publications of the year 1909 in the field of Greek and Roman history and archaeology form the subject of a comprehensive summary by Maurice Besnier in the Revue des Questions Historiques for October.

The excavation of Cyrene undertaken by the Archaeological Institute of America, and placed under the charge of Mr. Richard Norton as director, was preceded in May and June by a preliminary reconnaissance, but began its permanent development in October.

Hans Delbrück under the title "Antike Kavallerie" publishes (Klio, X. 3) a defense of the views on this subject set forth in his Geschichte der Kriegskunst against the attacks made by Eduard Meyer in Theopomps Hellenika. Professor Meyer's contention is that the ancient cavalry were of much less efficiency against good infantry than supposed by Professor Delbrück. On this difference of view as to the value and place of this arm of the ancient military forces depend quite different views as to the history of the most famous battles of antiquity.

The American Book Company announces A Handbook of Greek Religion by Arthur Fairbanks, director of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts (pp. 384). The author discriminates clearly between Greek religion and Greek mythology and says nothing of the latter. There is appended a brief critical notice of the existing literature in this field.

Loescher and Company, Rome, have published Die Thermen des Agrippa: Ein Beitrag zur Topographie des Marsfeldes in Rom, by Chr. Huelsen (1910, pp. 43). Plans and illustrations are profusely provided and the publication is distinguished by the fine workmanship of this house.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. M. Bolling, Homeric Armor and Mr. Lang (Catholic University Bulletin, October); P. Wendland, Beiträge zur Athenischen Politik und Publicistik des Vierten Jahrhunderts, I. König Philippos und Isocrates (Nachrichten von der K. Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften zu Göttingen, Phil.-Hist. Kl., 1910, 2); A. Janke, Die Schlacht bei Issus (Klio, X. 2); G. De Sanctis, La Légende Historique des Premiers Siècles de Rome (Journal des Savants, March-July); René Pichon, Un Philosophe Ministre sous l'Empire Romain: Le Gouvernement de Sénèque (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 1); N. H. Baynes, Rome and Armenia in the Fourth Century (English Historical Review, October).

#### EARLY CHURCH HISTORY

Rev. W. J. Sparrow Simpson's St. Augustine and African Church Divisions (London and New York, Longmans, 1910, pp. 154) gives in

a small, well-written book a learned, clear, and judicious account of the rise of the Donatists and of Augustine's conflicts, debates, and actions against them.

The Göttingen Academy has finished the printing of volume V. (Emilia) of Professor Kehr's *Italia Pontificia*, and of volume I. (Salzburg) of Professor Brackmann's *Germania Pontificia*, while the first volume of Dr. Wiederhold's *Gallia Pontificia* is well advanced; the three make great additions to the previously known stock of papal documents of the Middle Ages.

W. Konen has undertaken an exhaustive study of *Die Methoden der Germanenbekehrung*, and has published part I. as a Bonn dissertation under the title, *Die Heidenpredigt und der Germanenbekehrung* (Düsseldorf, W. Ohligschlager, 1910).

The Macmillan Company announces The First Six Centuries of the History of the Church in Gaul, by Canon Scott Holmes.

A. Hauck in *Die Entstehung der Geistlichen Territorien* (Abhandlungen der Leipziger Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften, Phil.-Hist. Kl., 1909) deals particularly with the general causes of the establishment of ecclesiastical lands and with the composite lay-spiritual position of the bishops.

E. Leroux, Paris, announces L'Église Arménienne, son Histoire, sa Doctrine, son Régime, sa Discipline, sa Liturgie, sa Littérature, son Présent, by Malachia Ormanian, ci-devant Armenian Patriarch of Constantinople.

## MEDIEVAL HISTORY

Professor C. S. Terry has begun the publication with Routledge, London, of *The History of Europe in Relation to that of Great Britain* in two volumes. Volume I., just published, deals with the medieval period.

The Weidmannsche Buchhandlung of Berlin has just published part I. of Professor L. Schmidt's Geschichte der Deutschen Stämme bis zum Ausgange der Völkerwanderung, this section being entitled Die Geschichte der Ostgermanen. It will be noted in this connection that a third revised edition by D. Coste of Isidors Geschichte der Goten, Vandalen, Sueven, nebst Auszügen aus der Kirchengeschichte des Beda Venerabilis was published in 1910 (Leipzig, Dyk) as Band X. of Die Geschichtschreiber der Deutschen Vorzeit.

Quelle and Meyer, Leipzig, announce Altgermanische Religionsgeschichte, by R. M. Meyer.

Dr. Elias A. Loew has practically finished his work on the Beneventan Script. It will be published in a series of plates, one hundred in number, entitled *Scriptura Beneventana*, and a volume of text entitled *The Bene-*

ventan Script, both to be published by the Archaeological Institute of America.

In the Romanische Forschungen, XXVI., Jules Pirson has begun an important study under the title "Le Latin des Formules Mérovingiennes et Carolingiennes".

Father E. Tucek, S.J., in his *Untersuchungen über das Registrum super Negotio Romani Imperii* (Innsbruck, Wagner, 1910, pp. 77), studies a papal register of great importance for the first twelve years of Innocent III., devoted to the relations between the pope and the emperor.

The Heidelberg Academy of Sciences has undertaken the publication of the "Capuaner Briefsammlung" contained in Codex Latinus 11867 of the Bibliothèque Nationale of Paris. The manuscript contains material of great interest for the period of Innocent III., and is known chiefly through the use already made of it by Professor K. Hampe, who will edit the projected edition.

A brief review of interest is Professor G. Schnurer's article in the *Deutsche Litteraturzeitung* for September 10 entitled "Neuere Litteratur zur Geschichte des Tempelordens".

The biography of St. Francis of Assisi by the Danish Catholic littérateur Johannes Joergensen, a work not faultless in critical scholarship but of the greatest literary charm and insight, has been translated into French, German, Flemish, and Italian. The French version, by T. de Wyzewa, Saint François d'Assise, sa Vie et son Oeuvre (Paris, Perrin, 1909, pp. cii, 536), is we understand the most to be recommended, having important additions by author and translator.

Father Leonhard Lemmens's Der hl. Bonaventura, Kardinal und Kirchenlehrer aus dem Franziskanerorden (Kempten, Kösel, 1909, pp. viii, 288) is to be recommended as an authoritative monograph, based on the long labors which the author, president of the chief Franciscan institution of historical learning, the College of St. Bonaventura at Quaracchi, has expended in editing the works of the Seraphic Doctor.

M. Bretschneider, Rome, has published Lettres de Benoit XII., 1334-1342: Textes et Analyses publiés par le Doct. Alphonse Fierens (1910, pp. cxxii, 588).

The house of Th. Weicher, Leipzig, announces a third edition, enlarged (two volumes), of Professor Th. Nöldeke's Geschichte des Qorans. The revision is the work of Professor Friedrich Schwally.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Caspar, Studien zum Regester Johanns VIII. (Neues Archiv, LXIII. 1); P. Fedele, Ricerche per la Storia di Roma e del Papato nel Secolo X. (Archivio della R. Società Romana di Storia Patria, XXXIII. 1-2); H. Rubat du Mérac, L'Abbaye de Cluny (Revue des Questions Historiques, October); E. Göller, Die Päpstlichen Reservationen und ihre Bedeutung für die Kirchliche Rechts-

entwickelung des Ausgehenden Mittelalters (Internationale Wochenschrift für Wissenschaft, XI. 12).

#### MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY

The interesting question of the relations of Luther and Erasmus has by an unusual chance been engaging recently the attention of three separate students who have published almost simultaneously. These publications are: André Meyer, Étude Critique sur les Relations d'Érasme et de Luther (Paris, Alcan, 1909, pp. xv, 194); Karl Zickendraht, Der Streit zwischen Erasmus und Luther über die Willensfreiheit dargestellt und beurtheilt (Leipzig, Hinrichs, 1909, pp. xii, 205); H. Humbertclaude, Érasme et Luther: Leur Polémique sur le Libre Arbitre (Paris, Blond, 1910, pp. xxiii, 297).

John Murray announces Sea Wolves of the Mediterranean: the Grand Period of the Moslem Corsairs, by Commander E. Hamilton Currey, R. N., with illustrations.

M. Dorbon ainé, Paris, has just issued M. Loys Delteil's Manuel de l'Amateur d'Estampes du XVIIIe Siècle, an exhaustive history of eighteenth-century engraving, with descriptions of more than 1800 prints, short biographies of 795 artists, and much other information. All the continental countries of western Europe (as well as England) are represented, and there are 106 reproductions. A companion-work is issued by Messrs. Bell, London, French Portrait Engraving of the XVIIIth and XVIIIth Centuries, by T. H. Thomas.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: P. Kalkoff, Zur Luthers Römischen Prozess (Zeitschrift für Kirchengeschichte, XXXI. 3); P. Richard, Origines et Développement de la Secrétairerie d'État Apostolique, 1417–1823, III. (Revue d'Histoire Ecclésiastique, October); F. C. Roux, La Russie et la Politique Italienne de Napoléon III., II. (Revue Historique, November-December).

#### GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

The King has appointed a Royal Commission to inquire and report as to the working of all acts concerning public records in England and Wales, the rules and regulations now in force at the Public Record Office, the arrangements now in operation for the care and treatment of public records in England and Wales, the record publications of the United Kingdom issued since 1838, the custody of local records, the Record Office establishment, the training of archivists, etc. The commission will consist of Sir Frederick Pollock, chairman; Sir Evan Vincent Evans, Professor Charles H. Firth, Dr. Montague R. James, Mr. F. G. Kenyon, Mr. Sidney Lee, Mr. Henry Owen, Mr. H. R. Tedder, and Mr. W. Llewelyn Williams. Mr. Hubert Hall of the Public Record Office is appointed secretary.

Professor D. J. Medley of Glasgow publishes for students' use a well-selected volume of documents entitled *Original Illustrations of English Constitutional History* (London, Methuen, 1910, pp. xi, 397). It embraces several score of the most essential documents. Those in Old French are translated, as in Stubbs's volume; the reading of the Latin documents is helped ingeniously by marginal summaries.

The house of G. J. Göschen, Leipzig, has published *Die Englische Gerichtsverfassung* by Dr. Heinrich B. Gerland (two volumes, 1910).

The Oxford University Press announces The Life of the Black Prince by the Herald of Sir John Chandos, edited by M. K. Pope and E. C. Lodge; Tudor and Stuart Proclamations, 1485–1714, calendared by R. Steele under the direction of the Earl of Crawford (two volumes); Historical Geography of the British Colonies, by C. P. Lucas, part IV., Newfoundland, by J. D. Rogers; The English Factories in India, by W. Foster, volume V., 1634–1636; Henry Fox, First Lord Holland, by T. W. Riker (two volumes).

Dr. Charles Plummer's Vitae Sanctorum Hiberniae partim hactenus ineditae (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1910, two volumes, pp. excii, 273, 391) contains thirty-two lives, chiefly from Dublin and Oxford manuscripts. A third of them are unpublished. All are edited with the learning and thoroughness characteristic of Dr. Plummer's editions of Bede and the Chronicle.

The Historical Association, Gray's Inn, London, publishes as Leaflet 22, September, 1910, The Development of the Castle in England and Wales (pp. 32, iv). The leaflet is accompanied by plans and a bibliographical note.

Elliot Stock, London, publishes Domesday Book: the Cambridgeshire Portion of the Great Survey of England by William the Conqueror, A. D. MLXXXVI. This is the first separate publication of this part of the survey and is printed both in the original and in a translation of the year 1867 by the Rev. William Bawdwen. The editor is the Rev. C. H. Evelyn-White, who supplies an introduction (pp. xxxviii, 174).

The Pipe Roll Society has published volume XXXI. (London, St. Catherine Press, 1910, pp. xxviii, 206), this being The Great Roll of the Pipe for the 28th Year of the Reign of King Henry the Second, 1181-1182. The introduction is by Mr. Round.

Number XIV. of the Harvard Historical Studies is *The Frankpledge System*, by William Alfred Morris, professor of history in the University of Washington (Longmans, Green, and Company, 1910).

The Selden Society has just issued volume XXIV. of its publications, the fifth volume of its series of year-books, *The Eyre of Kent, 6 and 7 Edward II.*, edited by Messrs. Maitland, Harcourt, and Bolland.

The publication of John Leland's *Itinerary in and about the Years* 1535-1543, edited by Miss Lucy Toulmin Smith, is now completed by the addition of volume V., containing parts IX.-XI., with appendixes, glossary, and index, as well as various other sorts of aid to the student, including maps.

In September Longmans published Professor A. F. Pollard's From the Accession of Edward VI. to the Death of Elizabeth, the concluding volume of the Political History of England.

Dr. Rudolf Jung's Die Englische Flüchtlingsgemeinde in Frankfurt-am-Main, 1554-1559 (Frankfurt, Baer, 1910, pp. 66), is an alphabetical list of names, with biographical data, useful to students of the history of Calvinism.

Constable, London, has just issued A History of English Dramatic Companies, 1556–1643, by J. Tucker Murray (two volumes).

The Oxford University Press has published recently The French Renaissance in England: an Account of the Literary Relations of England and France in the Sixteenth Century, by Sidney Lee.

Messrs. D. Appleton and Company publish *The Reconstruction of the English Church*, by Dr. Roland G. Usher of Washington University, St. Louis. The work is concerned especially with the policy of Archbishop Richard Bancroft.

Anyone who wishes a very brief but clear and competent survey of the history of Puritanism in England may be recommended to read Dr. John Brown's *The English Puritans* (Cambridge, University Press, 1910, pp. 160).

The following recent publication will doubtless be a welcome addition to the scanty material in this field: F. K. and S. Hitching, References to English Surnames in 1601: an Index giving about 19,650 References to Surnames contained in the Printed Registers of 778 English Parishes during the First Year of the Seventeenth Century (Walton-on-Thames, Charles A. Bernan, 1910, pp. lxx).

The Cambridge University Press has begun the publication of a series of Girton College Studies with a volume by Miss Theodora Keith on Commercial Relations of England and Scotland, 1603-1707. Two other volumes are announced for immediate publication.

Dr. William Robert Scott, lecturer in political economy in the University of St. Andrews, has brought out, through the Cambridge University Press, the second volume, shortly to be followed by the first, of a work entitled *The Constitution and Finance of English, Scottish and Irish Joint-Stock Companies to 1720*. The first volume will record the general development of the joint-stock system in Great Britain and Ireland up to 1720, with due consideration of the chief social, political, industrial, and commercial tendencies which influenced it. The second

volume treats specifically of the companies formed for foreign trade, colonization, fishing, and mining.

Messrs. Harper and Brothers publish in America Lord Chatham: his Early Life and Connections, by Lord Rosebery.

John Murray, London, announces Industrial England in the Middle of the Eighteenth Century, by Sir Henry Trueman Wood.

The War in Wexford: an Account of the Rebellion in the South of Ireland in 1798, by Messrs. H. F. B. Wheeler and A. M. Broadley (London and New York, John Lane, 1910, pp. xvi, 343), is based especially upon the papers of the Earl of Mount Norris, but includes also the full text of the journal of Mrs. Brownrigg of Greenmound.

Stephens and Hunt's History of the Church has just been completed by the publication, as volume VIII., of The English Church in the Nineteenth Century, by F. W. Cornish, vice-provost of Eton College.

John Murray announces volume I. of the Life of Benjamin Disraeli, Earl of Beaconsfield, by W. F. Monypenny, to cover the period 1804–1837; the work will be completed in four or five volumes. Lord Rowton, who was designated by Lord Beaconsfield as his biographer, died before proceeding beyond the arrangement of the material, and the trustees of the estate after considerable delay fixed upon the present editor. He has depended largely upon Disraeli's letters (many of which have already been published), and has made considerable use of the biographical indications in the novels. The volume has been reviewed by Lord Morley in a recent issue of the Times.

The Macmillan Company has just published *The Reminiscences of Goldwin Smith*, edited by Arnold Haultain, the decreased writer's secretary and literary executor.

It is announced that Mr. George Macaulay Trevelyan is engaged in writing the life of John Bright.

The Right Honorable Cecil John Rhodes: a Monograph and a Reminiscence, by Sir Thomas Fuller, agent-general for the Cape of Good Hope and one of the trustees of the Rhodes bequests, is published by Longmans, Green, and Company (1910). The work results from close intimacy with Mr. Rhodes from 1881 to his death, and is apparently devoted to this period.

The British Empire: its Past, its Present, and its Future (London, The League of the Empire, 1909, pp. xxxii, 864), written by various high authorities and edited by Mr. A. F. Pollard, is an important attempt to summarize in one volume the history and resources of the various parts of the British Empire.

Students of recent British and colonial history will welcome such a valuable compilation as The Legislation of the Empire, being a Survey

of the Legislative Enactments of the British Dominions from 1898 to 1907 (London, Butterworth, 1909, four volumes), edited under the direction of the Society of Comparative Legislation by C. E. A. Bedwell.

Longmans, Green, and Company announce A History of Wales from the Earliest Times to the Edwardian Conquest, by John Edward Lloyd, professor in the University College of North Wales.

Number VII. of the St. Andrews University Publications is The Statutes of the Faculty of Arts and the Faculty of Theology at the Period of the Reformation. It is edited with introduction and notes by Robert Kerr Hannay (St. Andrews, W. C. Henderson and Son, 1910). The introduction occupies pages 1-86 and the statutes (in the original Latin), pages 87-135.

Messrs. Maclehose and Sons announce a new volume of William Law Mathieson's *History of Scotland* under the title *The Awakening of Scotland*, dealing with the period 1747–1797.

The Madras Government Press has issued (1908–1910) Selections from the Records of the Madras Government: Dutch Records, nos. 1–10. The Dutch documents which this series is intended to publish cover the period 1664–1825 and an English catalogue of them was issued a few years ago. The total number of documents is 1632, only the more important of which will be published; those in this volume are concerned wholly with the eighteenth century.

Documentary publications: Calendar of the Patent Rolls, Henry III., 1258–1266; House of Lords Manuscripts, vol. V., 1702–1704; Historical Manuscripts in the Welsh Language, vol. II., pt. 1v.; Acts of the Privy Council, Colonial Series, III.; Papers of J. B. Fortescue, Esq., of Dropmore, VII., 1804–1805 [Historical Manuscripts Commission].

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: L. Riess, Zur Vorgeschichte der Magna Charta (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XIII. 4); W. Busch, Englands Kriege im Jahre 1513, Guinegate, Flodden (ibid., XIII. 3, 4); J. H. Clapham, The Last Years of the Navigation Acts (English Historical Review, October).

## FRANCE

The Catalogue Général des Manuscrits des Bibliothèques Publiques de France has had added to it recently a volume on the library of the Senate, one embracing several smaller Paris libraries, an index to the volumes dealing with Rheims, and a catalogue of the Prosper Tarbé collection at Rheims.

The liberality of M. Jacques Doucet, known for his private collections, has recently made possible the beginning of a series of *Publications pour Faciliter les Études d'Art en France*, and there has appeared under this head the first issue of a *Répertoire d'Art et d'Archéologie*, to

France 421

be published quarterly with the object of giving a complete review of French and foreign journals of art and archaeology.

In 1860 M. Hippolyte Cocheris published a general index to the Journal des Savants, but no such aid has been in existence for the later period. When this journal recently ceased to be the organ of the entire Institute and was placed under the control of the Academy of Inscriptions M. Jean Tissier was entrusted with the task of making good this deficiency, and his Table Analytique des Articles du Journal des Savants was issued by Hachette in 1909. The new index is much less elaborate than the old, however. Another useful piece of work of this kind is the recent index of the Mercure de France for the period 1672–1832, prepared by M. Étienne Deville, with special reference to entries in the field of art.

The new Revue d'Histoire des Doctrines Economiques et Sociales (founded in 1908) has recently undertaken the additional publication of a Bulletin Bibliographique d'Histoire Economique et Sociale, limited to French material and edited by MM. Roger Picard and Marc Barry.

An interesting volume of varied contents is Mélanges Offerts à M. Émile Chatelain par ses Élèves et ses Amis (Paris, 1910). The contributions are mainly in the field of Carolingian palaeography and are accompanied by unusually good facsimiles.

Fascicle 27 of the Recueil de Travaux publiés par les Membres des Conférences d'Histoire et de Philologie of the University of Louvain is entitled La Juridiction Ecclésiastique en Matière Bénéficiale sous l'Ancien Régime en France, I., La Juridiction Contentieuse (Brussels, Albert Dewit, 1910, pp. xxxi, 217). It is the work of Pierre Delannoy. The author deals with the ecclesiastical jurisdiction as falling into volontaire and contentieuse, and the present volume takes up the cases of the latter category occurring in connection with the appels comme d'abus and la règle du dévolut. The treatise is prepared with the supervision of Professor A. Cauchie and is submitted apparently as a doctoral dissertation.

In the Collection des Textes sur l'Histoire des Institutions et des Services Publiques de la France Moderne et Contemporaine edited by Professor Camille Bloch and published by Edouard Cornély, Paris, there has just been published Les Impôts Directs sous l'Ancien Régime et Principalement au XVIIIe Siècle, by Professor Marcel Marion. There will appear soon in the same series the following works: Le Gouvernement Révolutionnaire, by P. Mautouchet; Le Recrutement de l'Armée pendant la Révolution et l'Empire, by P. Caron; Le Crédit au XVIIIe et XVIIIe Siècles, by Germain Martin.

Hachette, Paris, has issued complete part I. of tome IX. of the Lavisse *Histoire de France*, dealing with *Le Règne de Louis XVI.*, 1774–1789; it is the work of H. Carré, P. Sagnac, and E. Lavisse. The second

part of tome IX. will be a Table Analytique and is announced for the beginning of 1911.

Professor Fred M. Fling expects to have the second volume of his Mirabeau and the French Revolution ready for the press next summer.

On the repeated recommendation of the Commission on the Economic History of the Revolution the French government has established (June, 1910) an additional "Commission des Recherches sur l'Histoire Économique des Territoires qui ont fait autrefois Partie de la France", consisting of eleven members under the presidency of M. Armand Brette. This commission is now engaged in a preliminary consideration of the scope and methods of work. One of the latest issues of the main commission is Cahiers de Doléances pour les États Généraux de 1789 (Marne), Bailliages de Sézanne et Chatillon-sur-Marne Réunis, pt. 1. Sézanne. This is edited by Gustave Laurent (Épernay, 1909) and bears strong testimony to the care and completeness with which this material is being laid before us. The cahiers are accompanied by such analyses of related documents and by such information as to the physical conditions of the parishes as is required for full comprehension. The second part, for Chatillon-sur-Marne, will appear shortly. M. Roger Picard's Les Cahiers de 1789 et les Classes Ouvrières (Paris, Marcel Rivière, 1910, pp. 276) is an important work in this field.

A useful summary is contained in the volume by G. Aron published by Larose and Tenin (Paris, 1910, pp. 98) under the title *Les Grandes Réformes du Droit Révolutionnaire*, being a course of lectures given in the University of Brussels in 1908.

The *Mémoires* of General Decaen, of which the manuscript has been deposited since 1876 in the municipal library of Caen and which has been used there by various writers, is now being edited for publication by Colonel Picard and Lieutenant V. Paulier, volume I. being already published (Plon, Paris, 1910). This volume covers the period 1792—an VIII.

After an interval of sixteen years the French government has resumed the publication of the *Papiers de Barthélemy, Ambassadeur de France en Suisse*, by the issue of volume VI., containing nearly two hundred documents on the negotiations for the treaties of Basel, nearly seventy on the exchange of the Princess Marie Thérèse, and a general index.

The Conseil Général of the Seine has begun a series entitled Histoire des Communes Annexées à Paris en 1859; the first issue is an imposing volume on Bercy by Lucien Lambeau (E. Leroux, 1910). M. Lambeau is secretary "de la commission du Vieux-Paris". In this volume he has endeavored to establish the topography of the ancient Bercy and bring together the documentary material for the domains which formerly constituted it. These documents are appended with

France 423

explanatory notes. Plans and photogravures add much to the value of a volume having the greatest interest to all who are interested in the archaeology of Paris. A preface explains the origins and plans of the commission entrusted with the work of which this is one of the first-fruits. There remain ten other communes to be dealt with under this head, and if the work continues to be done on this scale the enterprise will become one of magnitude; taking it in connection with the new Bibliothèque d'Histoire de Paris a large amount of trustworthy monographic work will soon be at the disposal of the student.

M. Rod. Reuss of the National Archives has for some time been engaged in a thorough study of Alsatian archives with a view to adding to his Alsace au XVIII<sup>©</sup> Siècle a history of the Revolution in Alsace. Meanwhile he has issued a part of his material in a recently published volume, Notes sur l'Instruction Primaire en Alsace pendant la Révolution (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1910, pp. 332). He has also published recently in the Revue des Études Juives a study entitled "Quelques Documents Nouveaux sur l'Antisémitisme dans le Bas-Rhin de 1794 à 1799".

Documentary publications: Lettres de Louis XI., volume XI. (and last); R. Delachenal, Chronique des Règnes de Jean II. et de Charles V., I., 1350–1364 (Publications de la Société de l'Histoire de France, Laurens, pp. 352); E. Deprez, Oeuvres Complètes de Maximilien Robespierre, pt. I. (Société des Études Robespierristes, Paris, Leroux); A. Fribourg, Discours de Danton (Hachette, pp. xxxviii, 274); A. de Boislisle, L. Lecestre, and J. de Boislisle, Mémoires de Saint-Simon, XXII. (Hachette, pp. 557); C. Stryenski, Mesdames de France, Filles de Louis XV.; Documents Inédits (Paris, Émile-Paul, pp. viii, 354); L. Delavaud, Documents Inédits sur le Duc de Saint-Simon, 1694–1746 (La Rochelle, 1910).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: R. Busquet, Les Cadastres et les Unités Cadastrales en Provence du XVe au XVIIIe Siècle (Annales de Provence, 1910); E. Griselle, Louis XIII. et sa Mère, I. (Revue Historique, November-December); H. Cavaillès, Une Fédération Pyrénéenne sous l'Ancien Régime (ibid., September-October, November-December); E. Levasseur, Les Grandes Campagnies de Commerce sous le Règne de Louis XIV. (Annales des Sciences Politiques, July 15); Albert Sorel, Deux Conceptions de l'Histoire de la Révolution: Taine et M. Aulard (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 1); Ph. Sagnac, Les Origines de la Révolution: La Décomposition de l'Ancien Régime (Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine, July-August); A. Aulard, Napoléon et l'Instruction Publique: La Loi du 11 Floréal an X et son Application (La Révolution Française, September-October); P. Muret, Émile Ollivier et le Duc de Grammont des 12 et 13 juillet 1870, concl. (Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine, July-August).

#### ITALY AND SPAIN

All searchers in Italian archives will be grateful to the Ministry of the Interior for the issue of the manual, Ordinamento delle Carte degli Archivi di Stato Italiani: Manuale Storico Archivistico (Rome, 1910, Tipografia Mantellate, pp. xiv, 312), in which a conspectus is given of all the divisions and subdivisions of all the nineteen Italian state archives, with accounts of their history and organization, and bibliographies of their catalogues and of articles descriptive of them.

The fifth volume of Gli Archivi della Storia d'Italia, published under the direction of G. Degli Azzi (succeeding to G. Mazzatinti), deals with a number of municipal collections investigated by different scholars. Volume VI. is devoted to the state archives of Reggio and is the work of U. Dallari. It may be noted in this connection that a considerable addition to the Roman archives or rather perhaps a considerable increase in the facility with which they may be used seems likely to follow from a recent order for the concentration in the palace of the Lateran of the archives of the Roman parishes.

An interesting situation seems to exist in regard to the proposed establishment at the University of Rome of a chair in the philosophy of history. May 20 the Minister of Public Instruction introduced into the Chamber a measure to this effect and its acceptance by the Chamber seems probable; the Faculty of Letters of the University, however, has voted against the proposal (May 26), though it is not clear whether this is through hostility to the idea or through hostility to the expected selection of Guglielmo Ferrero for the new chair.

An important contribution to the history of the papal archives is the study by F. Ehrle in the *Mélanges Chatelain* (Paris, 1910) under the title "Die Frangipani und der Untergang des Archivs und der Bibliothek der Päpste am Anfang des 13. Jahrhunderts". He disputes the previous suppositions as to the nature and place of this destruction and concludes that it occurred at the palace of the Lateran and was due to fire and later neglect and plundering.

Professor Joseph Schnitzer of the University of Munich, after a delay of some years through personal difficulties with the papacy as a "modernist", has resumed the publication of Quellen und Forschungen zur Geschichte Savonarolas with a volume entitled Savonarola nach den Aufzeichnungen des Florentiners Piero Parenti (Leipzig, Duncker and Humblot, 1910, pp. clxii, 322). Piero Parenti was one of the judges who condemned Savonarola; he left a large body of manuscript on the events of his time, and from this, on the whole not unfavorable to Savonarola, Professor Schnitzer has made selections.

L. Pierro, Naples, has published (1910, pp. 473) volume III. of Fr. Carrano's L'Italia dal 1789 al 1870: Opera Inedita Pubblicata a Cura del Generale E. Carrano. The volume covers 1820–1847.

M. Georges Bourgin continues and completes in the Revue de Synthèse Historique for August, 1910, his bibliographical summary of the Risorgimento, dealing with the works devoted to the period 1846–1871.

Two important studies have been recently published upon King Charles Albert and his sons Victor Emanuel II. and Ferdinand, duke of Genoa, which exhibit a gratifying sincerity in the historical treatment of these progenitors and great grand-uncle of the reigning king of Italy. One, relating to Le Idee Politiche del Re Carlo Alberto, has been published by L. C. Bollea in the Rivista d'Italia for October; it denies frankly the revolutionary liberalism of Charles Albert, although maintaining that he showed sincere love for Italy as an enlightened conservative and reformer. The other, relating to L'Educazione d'un Principe, Ferdinando di Savoia Duca di Genova, has been published by G. U. Oxilia in the Nuova Antologia for November 1; it is based upon the papers of Father Lorenzo Isuardi, preceptor of the two sons of Charles Albert, and throws much new light upon the boyhood of Victor Emanuel II. as well as upon that of his brother Ferdinand; many letters of the princes and other documents are given.

The tenth of August, 1910, was the centenary of the birth of Cavour and the day was observed in Italy as a national holiday. Much publication has naturally occurred recently on the subject of Cavour, accelerated through the coincidence of the falling of this centenary along with the semi-centennial of the movements of 1860. A review of part of the new publications will be found in the *Archivio Storico Italiano* for October, by Ersilio Michel, under the title "Nel Cinquantenario della Rivoluzione Toscana".

Domenico Carutti, who died on August 4, 1909, was one of the last survivors of the old school of Piedmontese patriots, the collaborators of Cavour in the making of Italy, most of whom were at once statesmen, students, and galantuomini. Two commemorative studies of his life and works have now been published: Piero De Donato-Giannini's Domenico Carutti, 1821–1909 (Napoli, F. Casella, 1910), and Laderchi's Sulla Vita e sulle Opere di Domenico Carutti, an essay prepared with better historical method, published in the Rivista d'Italia for October.

Fratelli Treves, Milan, announce the publication of I Mille: Memorie Postume, by Francesco Crispi, edited by his daughter. This is one of the most interesting items in a large number of publications and announcements of this sort representing an activity called forth by the semicentennial of the Risorgimento events of 1860. A great deal of this activity is displayed by municipal administrations, the Palermo munipical committee for the celebration, e. g., publishing Documenti e Memorie della Rivoluzione Siciliana del 27 Maggio 1860.

The municipality of Venice has renewed its offer of a prize of £8000 for the best Storia Documentata della Rivoluzione e della Difesa di

Venezia negli Anni 1848-1849. The competition is open to all Italian writers and the manuscripts must be deposited by May 31, 1911.

The States of Italy series (Methuen, London), edited by Edward Armstrong and Langton Douglas, has added A History of Verona, by A. M. Allen, illustrated and accompanied by maps and bibliography (1910, pp. 403).

Fernández de Bethencourt's Historia Genealógica y Heráldica de la Monarquia Española, Casa Real y Grandes de España has reached the eighth volume (Madrid, Fernando Fé).

Don Juan Pérez de Guzmán y Gallo has supplied an introduction for the second edition of Antonio Cánovas del Castillo's *Historia de la Decadencia de España desde el Advenimiento de Felipe III. al Trono hasta la Muerte de Carlos II.* (Madrid, Fernando Fé, 1910).

M. Pierre Conard, whose Napoléon et Catalogne is reviewed on a preceding page, has published under the title La Constitution de Bayonne (1808): Essai d'Édition Critique (Paris, Cornély, 1910, pp. 183) a conspectus of the Spanish and French texts of the constitution in question and of four preliminary drafts drawn up in May and June, 1808. The texts are preceded by an introduction thoroughly describing the process of formation of the document and the events leading up to it.

The John Lane Company has published (September, 1910) A Queen at Bay: the Story of Maria Cristina and Don Carlos, by Edmund B. d'Auvergne.

Fernando Fé, Madrid, has published Un Revolucionario de Accion: Francesco Ferrer, su Vida, su Obra Destructiva, Justicia de su Condena, by Casimiro Comas (1910).

## GERMANY, AUSTRIA, AND SWITZERLAND

The Historische Vierteljahrschrift, heft 3, "Nachrichten und Notizen", II., contains not only a full statement of the conditions of publication for the Monumenta Germanica Historica during the year preceding the annual meeting in April of the Zentraldirection, but also gives detailed information of the issues soon to go to press and of the new undertakings of the commission. Similar information will be found in the Neues Archiv, LXIII. I. An article by A. Werminghoff on the history and work of the commission is published in Neue Jahrbücher für das Klassische Altertum, XXV. 7. An interesting note as to Stein's relations to the work is reprinted in the above-mentioned issue of the Neues Archiv from a recent contribution to the Sitzungsberichte of the Heidelberg Academy of Science. No. 4 of the Vierteljahrschrift contains reports from several of the other German historical commissions.

The plenary meeting of the Historical Commission connected with the Bavarian Academy was held May 18-20 under the presidency of Professor Moritz Ritter. The following new publications were reported: Allgemeine Deutsche Biographie, Band 55, Schluss; Quellen und Erörterungen zur Bayerischen und Deutschen Geschichte, N. F., Chroniken, Band II., pt. 2; Historische Volkslieder und Zeitgedichte vom 16. bis 19. Jahrhundert, Band II. The following were announced as in the press: Geschichte der Deutschen Rechtswissenschaft (Professor Landsberg), Band III., pt. 2; Deutsche Städtechroniken: Lübecker Chroniken, Band IV. (Dr. Bruns); Quellen und Erörterungen, Chroniken, Die Werke Veit Arnpecks; Reichstagsakten, Ältere Reihe, Band XIII., pt. 2, Albrecht II. (Professor Beckmann).

The Mitteilungen der Gesellschaft für Deutsche Erziehungs- und Schulgeschichte will be known in future as the Zeitschrift für Geschichte der Erziehung und des Unterrichts. The society has during the past three years issued ten volumes of the Monumenta Germaniae Paedagogica, besides separate publications, and plans to increase its activity in the field of general German educational history.

A work representing much labor and of unusual interest is Das Deutsche Studententum von den Aeltesten Zeiten bis zur Gegenwart (Leipzig, Voigtländer, 1910), by Fr. Schulze and Paul Ssymank. It is one of the works published in celebration of the hundredth anniversary of the founding of the University of Berlin; part I., dealing with the period 1350–1750, is by Dr. Schulze, part II., by Dr. Ssymank.

Boniface of Crediton and his Companions (London, 1910, pp. 372) is an unpretending but scholarly course of lectures delivered some years ago in Bristol Cathedral by the Bishop of Bristol, Right Rev. Dr. G. F. Browne.

Kulturgeschichte der Deutschen im Mittelalter, by Dr. George Steinhausen (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, pp. 181), a volume in the series Wissenschaft und Bildung, is a model of broad, concise treatment of a large subject by an eminent expert.

The house of Carl Kuhn, Munich, has begun the publication of Deutsche Schrifttafeln des 9. bis 16. Jahrhunderts aus Handschriften der Kgl. Hof- und Staatsbibliothek in München, edited by Erich Petzet and Otto Gaunung. Abtheilung 1 is Althochdeutsche Schriftdenkmäler des 9. bis 11. Jahrhundert. The work will be in five Abtheilungen, each comprising fifteen or sixteen photographic plates, and will be completed in 1912.

The second volume of O. Posse's Die Siegel der Deutschen Kaiser und Könige has appeared (Dresden, 1910), and is likely to add largely to our knowledge in this field for the period 1347–1493. A special feature is the insertion of twenty-four plates of false seals representing the whole medieval period. A new contribution to the equipment in this work is a small volume by E. Hauviller, Die Erhaltung der Siegel, ihre Bedeutung für die Historischen Hülfswissenschaften, ihr Kunst- und Kulturgeschichtlichen Wert (Metz, 1910).

An acute investigation of the matter by F. Frensdorff in Hansische Geschichtsblätter for 1910 under the title "Reich und Reichstag" produces the conclusion that the term Reichstag does not appear before the end of the fifteenth century, the earlier names in use being Hof, Sprache, Tag, Versammlung.

Some of the German historical commissions are in the habit of issuing as Neujahrsblätter volumes for the general public, and the Royal Saxon Historical Commission has published in this form a volume by R. Kötzschke, Staat und Kultur im Zeitalter der Ostdeutschen Kolonisation (Leipzig, Joh. Warner, 1910).

The much vexed question of responsibility for the destruction of Magdeburg in the Thirty Years' War is raised anew by R. Jordan in the Jahresbericht des Thüringisch-Sächsischen Vereins (1909–1910) with the publication of some new material tending to fix this responsibility on the Imperialists.

Hermann Hallwich, who in 1879 published a two-volume work entitled Wallenstein's Ende and who since that time has discovered much new Wallenstein material, publishes with Duncker and Humblot, Leipzig, Fünf Bücher Geschichte Wallensteins, three volumes (1910). The study comes to 1630.

Parey of Berlin has published part 1. of Band V. of Schmoller and Stolze's Die Behördenorganisation und die Allgemeine Staatsverwaltung Preussens im 18. Jahrhundert; Band III. of Schmoller, Naudé, and Skalweit's Die Getreidehandelspolitik und Kriegsmagazinverwaltung Preussens (dealing with 1740–1756); and Band III. of Schmoller and von Schrötter's Das Preussische Münzwesen im 18. Jahrhundert (1755–1765). These volumes appear in the Acta Borussica.

The approaching centenary of the War of Liberation has stimulated publication, and the house of Georg Wiegand, Leipzig, has undertaken a new series of "Memoirs and Letters of the Napoleonic Epoch" under the editorship of Theodor Rehtwisch. The opening volume is from the notes of a Saxon officer of the staff, Otto von Odeleben, and bears the title Mit Napoleon im Felde, 1813. The series bears the designation, Aus Vergelbten Pergamenten.

Heft 21 of the Abhandlungen zur Mittleren und Neueren Geschichte is Die Demokratische Bewegung in Berlin im Oktober 1848, by Gustaf Luders (Berlin, 1909).

Professor Dr. Adalbert Wahl and the publishing house of J. C. B. Mohr, Tubingen, announce the issue of "eine Sammlung Monographien zur Parteigeschichte", as *Vorarbeiten* rather than as definitive scientific works. While German parties are primarily in mind, studies in French and English party history will be included, and special attention will be given to the mutual relations of political parties in different countries, as also to the social and economic affiliations of individual parties. The

series will begin with a volume by Dr. L. Bergstrasser, Studien zur Vorgeschichte der Zentrumspartei, one by Dr. A. Rapp on Friedrich Theodor Vischer und die Politik, and one by Dr. W. Reinohl, Uhland als Politiker.

The annual report of the Hansische Geschichtsverein shows the following publication conditions: B. Hagedorn has undertaken the investigation of German-Spanish relations in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries; the report of Hapke on the "Niederländische Inventarien" has been published; Band VIII., Abth. 3, of the Hanserezesse, edited by Dr. Schäfer, is partly printed; Simson's Danziger Inventar will be published in the autumn of 1910; Band IV. of the Abhandlungen zur Verkehrsund Seegeschichte, A. Puschel's Das Wachstum der Deutschen Städte in der Mittelalterlichen Kolonialzeit, and a volume on Wismar by Techen, have been published; the prize offered for a history "der Deutschen Seeschiffahrt" has been partially awarded to W. Vogel, who is to complete his work in three years.

Heft XIX. of the Leipziger Historische Abhandlungen is Der Bürgerstand in Strassburg bis zur Mitte des XIII. Jahrhunderts (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, 1910, pp. 55) by Dr. Karl Achtnich.

In the second volume of the Chroniken der Stadt Bamberg (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, 1910, pp. xcii, 717), edited by Dr. Anton Chroust, the Gesellschaft für Fränkische Geschichte brings out an important body of material on the history of the Peasants' Revolt of 1525, and another on the struggle of Bamberg in 1553 against the Margrave Albert Alcibiades of Brandenburg. In the former section appear a nearly contemporary account of the episode by Councillor Marx Halbritter, another by Martin Müllner, secretary to the bishop, a brief diary of the outbreak, by a citizen, three letters from inmates of the convent of Clares, and two historical poems. For the second episode we are presented with a narrative of the utmost importance, the diary of Burgomaster Hans Zeitlos, and with another by a sister in the convent of the Clares. The editor supplies an admirable introduction and many notes.

No. 13-14 of the Reformationsgeschichtliche Studien und Texte is a careful monograph by Dr. P. Wappler on Die Stellung Kursachsens und des Landgrafen Philipp von Hessen zur Täuferbewegung (Münster, Aschendorff, 1910, pp. xii, 254), of which the latter half consists of documents hitherto unpublished.

The Society for the History of Lorraine publishes, through Quelle and Meyer of Leipzig, a treatise in monetary history by Dr. Alfred Weyhmann, Die Merkantilistische Währungspolitik Herzog Leopolds von Lothringen, 1697–1729 (pp. 100), having special reference to the leopold d'or and to the career of John Law.

The report of the Kommission für Neuere Geschichte Oesterreichs for 1909 informs us as to the annual assembly in October, 1909, and as to

progress in the work under way. The second volume of Ludwig Bittner's Chronologische Verzeichnis der Österr. Staatsverträge, dealing with the period 1763–1847, has been published (Wien, Holzhausen, 1909). The publication of the text of treaties has been or will soon be added to by the second volume of the Treaties with England (to 1791, by Professor Pribram); the first volume of the Treaties with Holland (to 1724, H. von Srbik), and the Treaties with Transylvania. L. Bittner has undertaken the preliminary work for the Kollektivvorträge since 1813. W. Bauer will soon publish the general introduction to the Korrespondenz of Ferdinand I., V. Bihl is occupied with that of Maximilian II., and H. Kretschmayr will publish soon the second part of the Geschichte der Oesterreichischen Zentralverwaltung.

The Mitteilungen des Instituts für Österreichische Geschichtsforschung (XXXIII. 3, pp. 506-520) contains a careful review by M. Vancsa of "Die Historische Litteratur Nieder- und Oberösterreichs in den Jahren 1905–1908". It is devoted almost wholly to periodical publications in the German language.

Franz Martin Mayer's Geschichte Oesterreichs mit besonderer Rücksicht auf das Kulturleben has been regarded by many from its first appearance in 1875 as the best work of its scope in this field, and the second edition which was issued in 1909 will therefore be very welcome. The book is in two volumes and the narrative is brought to 1908.

Some important contributions to Austro-Hungarian constitutional history have recently appeared in the Österreichische Rundschau. In numbers 21, 22, Johann Ankwicz discusses Die Grundlinien der Inneren Entwickelung Österreichs since the middle of the eighteenth century, and in number 23 H. Steinacker investigates the character of the union between Austria and Hungary, in opposition especially to the recent contention of Count Apponyi that this union is only an alliance which either can modify or withdraw from at will.

We have a new contribution to the correspondence of Gentz in Briefe von und an Friedrich von Gentz, published under the auspices of the Wedekind-Stiftung and edited by Fr. Carl Wittichen, Band I., II. (R. Oldenbourg, 1909, 1910). It is not intended to gather here the whole correspondence but simply to complete the collections already published by four volumes embracing scattered and varied material. The regrettable fact that Fr. Karl Wittichen, who succeeded to the editorship on the death of his brother, Paul Wittichen, has also passed away with the task unfinished may retard the completion of the undertaking, though the material is announced as nearly ready.

An important addition to Metternichian material is the Lettres du Prince de Metternich à la Comtesse de Lieven, 1818-1819, edited by J. Hanoteau and published by Plon-Nourrit (Paris, 1909). Taking this in connection with E. Daudet's recent researches as to the Comtesse

(later Princess) de Lieven we have now full information about a personal influence of considerable importance in Metternich's career.

The Deutsche Verlagsanstalt, Stuttgart, has published (1910), Band I. of Graf Julius Andrássy: Sein Leben und seine Zeit, nach Neuen Quellen, by Eduard von Wertheimer. This first volume extends to Andrássy's appointment as minister of foreign affairs.

An interesting brief recapitulation is that contained in Dr. August Fournier's Wie wir zu Bosnien kamen (Wien, Reisser's Söhne, 1909, pp. 96). The writer contends that Austria in the final occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina was only proceeding to a step consented to by Europe in and since the treaty of Berlin, and that she did so finally because of apprehension at the progress of Neoslavism.

September 5-6 there occurred in Lausanne at the restored castle of Chillon a joint meeting of three Swiss historical associations—the Société Général de l'Histoire, the Société des Monuments Historiques, and the Société d'Histoire de la Suisse Romande. The first-named association is now in its seventy-first year and has in co-operation with the Association Populaire Catholique de la Suisse undertaken the publication of a new series of the *Acta Pontificum Helvetica*, beginning with 1305.

An important new undertaking is a Schweizerische Reformationsgeschichte by Emil Egli, of which Band I., 1519–1525, has been published (Zurich, Zürcher and Furrer, 1910, pp. xvi, 424). It is published under the patronage of the Zwingli Society of Zurich and will embrace a number of volumes. Professor Egli's death necessitated the completion of volume I. by Professor Georg Finsler, and will probably cause considerable delay in the prosecution of the work.

Plon, Paris, has issued (1910) Napoléon et la Suisse, 1803–1815, d'après les Documents Inédits des Affaires Étrangères, by Édouard Guillon.

Documentary publications: K. Rümler, Die Akten der Gesandtschaften Ludwigs des Baiern an Benedikt XII. und Klemens VI. [Quellenstudien aus dem Historschen Seminar der Universität] (Innsbruck, Wagner); Die Chroniken der Deutschen Städte vom 14. bis ins 16. Jahrhundert, Band XXX. Lübeck (Leipzig, H. Hirzel); Abhandlungen zur Landeskunde der Provinz Westpreussens, heft XIV., Die Denkmalpflege in Westpreussen, 1804–1810 (Danzig, A. W. Kafemann); Die Böhmischen Landtagsverhandlungen und Landtagsbeschlüsse vom J. 1526 an bis auf die Neuzeit [K. Böhmische Landesarchiv], XI., Die Landtage des J. 1605, pt. 1. (Prag, 1910); Mitteilungen der Kgl. Preussischen Archivverwaltung, heft XVI., Die Königs- und Kaiserurkunden der Königlichen Preussischen Staatsarchive und des Königl. Hausarchivs bis 1439 (Leipzig, S. Hirzel, 1910, pp. x, 184).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: F. Keutgen, Die Entstehung der Deutschen Ministerialität, concl. (Vierteljahrschrift für Social- und Wirtschaftsgeschichte, VIII. 4); A. Kiesselbach, Zur Frage der Entstehung der Städtehanse (Historische Zeitschrift, CV. 3); H. Keussen, Die Entwickelung der Älteren Kölner Verfassung und ihre Topographische Grundlage (Westdeutsche Zeitschrift, XXVIII. 4); Kuno Francke, Die Mystik des Mittelalters in ihrer Bedeutung für die Deutsche Kulturgeschichte (Internationale Wochenschrift, September 10); A. C. McGiffert, Martin Luther and his Work, I. (Century, December); G. Sommerfeldt, Die Beratungen über eine gegen Russland und die Türkei zu Gewährende Reichshilfe, 1560-1561 (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XIII. 2); J. Strieder, Maria Theresia, Kaunitz, und die Oesterreichische Politik von 1748-1755 (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XIII. 4); F. K. Wittichen, Zur Geschichte der Öffentlichen Meinung in Preussen vor 1806 (Forschungen zur Brandenburgischen und Preussischen Geschichte, XXIII. 1); A. Fournier, Friedrich Gentz und der Friede von Schönbrunn: Neue Briefe (Deutsche Rundschau, August); E. Müsebeck, Die Einleitung des Verfahrens gegen E. M. Arndt (Historische Zeitschrift, CV. 3); O. Diether, Leopold v. Ranke und Johann Gustaf Droysen (Preussische Jahrbücher, October); G. Goyau, Bismarck et l'Épiscopat (Revue des Deux Mondes, October 1); M. Lair, Mommsen, Homme Politique (Annales des Sciences Politiques, September 15): R. F. Kaindl, Studien zur Geschichte des Deutschen Rechtes in Ungarn und dessen Nebenländern (Archiv für Oesterreichischen Geschichte. XCVIII. 2).

## NETHERLANDS AND BELGIUM

Martinus Nijhoff of the Hague announces the preparation of a new Dutch biographical dictionary, Nieuw Nederlandsch Biografisch Woordenboek, in twelve volumes, edited by Professor P. J. Blok and Dr. P. C. Molhuysen. Each volume will have a separate alphabetical arrangement and will be published when sufficient material for one volume is ready. The first volume will appear shortly, the last in ten or twelve years.

Mr. Nijhoff also announces the publication of *De Teruggave der Oost-Indische Koloniën*, 1814–1816, from original materials, by P. H. van der Kemp (1910, pp. vi, 545).

The Belgian archive administration has begun the publication of a special series of inventories devoted to the minor archives of the kingdom, such as belong to religious establishments, small towns, and the like, by the issue of the first volume of *Inventaires Sommaires des Petites Archives du Hainaut* (Mons, Duquesne, 1910, pp. 88), a volume abounding especially in notices of archives of abbeys.

Noteworthy articles in perodicals: J. Johnen, *Philipp von Elsass, Graf von Flandern, 1157–1191* (Bulletin de la Commission Royale d'Histoire, LXXIX. 3); *Philip van Artevelde* (Edinburgh Review, October).

## NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE

The Norwegian government has lately issued the first part of the English volume of the *Diplomatarium Norvegicum*, edited by Professor Alexander Bugge, and containing texts of English characters and records relating to the medieval intercourse between England and Norway.

A new journal which will be especially welcomed by historical students who do not read the Slavonic languages is the Zeitschrift für Osteuropäische Geschichte. It will be published quarterly by Georg Reimer of Berlin, under the editorship of Professors Theodor Schiemann of Berlin, Otto Hötzsch of Posen, Leopold Karl Goetz of Bonn, and Hans Uebersberger of Vienna. Articles in German and French will be admitted. Much effort will be made to provide Western readers, by means of translations, with knowledge of recent historical progress in the Slavonic countries.

H. Steinacker has published in *Urania* for 1909 various papers that constitute an important contribution to the history of the Eastern Question, treated as only the latest form of "das Problem des Verhältnisses zwischen Asien und Europa".

The Revue Historique for October contains a review by L. Brehier of the publications of the years 1907–1910 in the field of Byzantine history.

The Byzantinische Zeitschrift, XIX. 1-2, contains an address of Timur edited with notes by M. Tren. It has reference apparently to the campaign of 1391 and is found in a manuscript of the second half of the sixteenth century.

The publishing house of Charles Lavanzelle, Paris, has undertaken the publication of a translation by E. Cazalas of the Russian General Staff's History of the War of 1812. In this work six volumes are occupied with the preliminaries of 1810–1811. It may be remarked that the approach of the centenary is already stimulating publication on the war in Russia, the Imperial Historical Society having begun the publication of documents with a volume on the *Acts* of the provisional provincial governments during the French occupation (*Sbornik*, vol. CXXVIII., 1909).

Tomes V. and VI. of the fifth series of the Publications de l'École des Langues Orientales Vivantes is a posthumous work by Émile Legrand, Bibliographie Ionienne: Description Raisonnée des Ouvrages publiés par les Grecs des Sept Îles ou concernant ces Îles du XVe Siècle à l'Année 1900, completed by H. Pernot (Paris, E. Leroux, 1910).

# THE FAR EAST AND INDIA

M. Eugène Caillot's Les Polynésiens Orientaux au Contact de la Civilisation (Paris, E. Leroux, 1909, pp. 291, and 92 plates) consists

of two parts. The first, based on the author's observations during a long voyage in 1900, describes the manners, customs, religions, and political organization of the eastern Polynesians at that time. The second part consists of the "Book of the Commandant Supérieur aux Iles-sous-le-Vent", which the author found in the archives of Uturoa, and which is virtually an official chronicle of the insurrection in Raiatea-Tahaa, Society Islands, against the French rule, 1894–1897.

The Asiatic Society of Japan has undertaken the publication of volumes I. and III. of A History of Japan by Professor J. Murdoch, formerly of Aberdeen University. Volume II. (1543–1651) was published in 1903 and volume I. has just been issued (London, Kegan Paul, pp. 667). Constable and Company, London, have just published for the London School of Economics and Political Science The Political Development of Japan, 1867–1909, by George Etsujiro Uyehara, a doctoral thesis at the University of London.

Messrs. Lippincott have brought out a Life of the Late Empress Dowager of China by Mr. J. O. P. Bland, who was for several years a member of the Chinese government service. The volume has been compiled from state papers and the private diary of the comptroller of the empress's household, and incorporates the diary of His Excellency Ching Shan.

John Murray, London, announces for immediate publication a new book on Indian affairs by Sir Francis Younghusband, India and Thibet: a History of the Relations which have subsisted between the Two Countries from the Time of Warren Hastings to 1910; with a Particular Account of the Mission to Lhassa in 1904. Sir Francis was the leader of this mission.

The Cambridge University Press has published *The Persian Revolution of 1905–1909*, by Edward G. Browne, of Pembroke College, Cambridge, professor of Arabic.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: A. Girard, Les Routes de Commerce vers l'Extrême-Orient à la Fin du XVIII<sup>e</sup> et au Commencement du XVIII<sup>e</sup> Siècle (Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine, September-October); C. O. Paullin, The Opening of Korea by Commodore Shufeldt (Political Science Quarterly, September).

## AMERICA

#### GENERAL ITEMS

The Carnegie Institution of Washington will soon be able to issue two volumes prepared by the Department of Historical Research, Professor Fish's Roman and Italian Guide and Professor Allison's Inventory of Unpublished Materials for American Religious History. A "Calendar of Papers in Washington Archives relating to the Territories of the United States", to 1873, prepared by Mr. David W. Parker, and amount-

ing probably to four hundred pages of print, has been sent to the printer. Mr. Parker is now at Ottawa, engaged in the preparation of a "Guide to the Materials for United States History in Canadian Archives". The manuscript of Professor Bolton's Guide to such material in the Mexican archives, national and local, has been received. In January Mr. Roscoe R. Hill of Columbia University will go to Spain under the auspices of the Department for a prolonged period of work, in which the chief task will be the preparation of a calendar of the papers relating to United States history in that section of the Archives of the Indies at Seville known as "Papeles procedentes de la Isla de Cuba".

Among the recent accessions of the Manuscripts Division of the Library of Congress are: the Madison papers possessed by the Chicago Historical Society and its Polk collection, including President Polk's diary; La Harpe's Journal concerning the establishment of the French in Louisiana, being a copy made in 1764 by the Chevalier de Beaurain, with maps; twenty-three volumes and fifty-nine packages of the Pickett papers, being the official correspondence and records of the Confederate government, 1861-1865, transferred by the Secretary of the Treasury; a body of papers of William Plumer-writings, essays, letters, and notes, 1782-1838; and "A collection of Christian and brotherly advices . . . by the yearly meetings [Friends] . . . for Pennsylvania and New Jersey", of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. A large number of documents have also been transferred to the library from the files of the House of Representatives. The library's calendars of the Van Buren papers and of the military correspondence of Washington are in the press.

American and English Genealogies in the Library of Congress, Preliminary Catalogue (Washington, 1910, pp. 805) has just been issued by the library. Some 3750 volumes are listed. Only genealogies published in separate form have, as a rule, been included.

The Cyclopedia of American Government, edited by Professors A. C. McLaughlin and A. B. Hart and published by Messrs. D. Appleton and Company, will consist of three large volumes, each of about eight hundred pages, and will include about 3000 articles, arranged in alphabetical order, some brief, some of the nature of treatises. Each important article will be accompanied with a select list of books as references. It is expected that the work will be published about January, 1912.

It is scarcely possible that such a work as Bryce's American Commonwealth could become in any considerable degree antiquated, yet so many changes have taken place in the United States since the revision of 1893–1895 was brought out that many facts and figures needed to be brought up to date, and certain new phenomena and phases of development called for treatment. Mr. Bryce has accordingly subjected the entire work to a thorough revision, largely by means of supplementary notes but in considerable measure by revision of the body of the text. In making

these changes the latest obtainable figures, occasionally even those of the census of 1910, have been used. Four new chapters have been added. One of these deals with the latest phase of immigration, another with the new transmarine dominions, a third discusses the more recent phases of the negro problem, and a fourth contains further observations on American universities. These new chapters are characterized by the same keenness of observation and clearness of analysis and exposition that have given to the work its high value in the literature of American political and social life. It should be added that Mr. Seth Low has also rewritten the chapter on municipal government which he contributed to the first edition.

Democracy and the Party System in the United States, by Mr. M. Ostrogorski, is an abridged version of the second or American volume of his Democracy and the Organization of Political Parties, published in 1902. The present work is the result of a thorough revision and of an additional visit to the United States, and contains much new material, especially in the later chapters.

History Made Visible, a Synchronic Chart and Statistical Tables of United States History, by Mr. George E. Groscup (New York, Windsor Publishing Company, 1910), appears to be one of the best of its kind, so far as can be declared before class-room testing, and is accompanied by some ninety pages of chronological text and lists, skilfully devised, and carefully prepared by Mr. Ernest D. Lewis, instructor in history in the High School of Commerce, New York City.

Dr. Henry Barrett Learned will send to the press in March a volume entitled *The President's Cabinet*, tracing the development of that institution from its origin to the present time.

Among the forty volumes which the Immigration Commission expects to issue as it now brings its work to a close, one is entitled "A History of Earlier European Immigration to the United States"; another, "Immigration History and Legislation"; another, "Statistical History of Immigration, 1820–1910, and Distribution of Immigrants, 1850–1910"; while another will be "A Dictionary of Races or Peoples".

The Library of Congress has issued a second and enlarged edition of its List of References on Reciprocity (pp. 137), embodying not only the previous list bearing that title but other related lists, with the inclusion of later literature. As now issued the list comprises reciprocity in the United States (comprehensive), reciprocity with Canada and Newfoundland, reciprocity with Hawaii, reciprocity under the McKinley Act, reciprocity with Cuba, and reciprocity with Great Britain and other countries.

Mr. Theodore L. Cole of Washington has recently made photographic facsimile reprints of the Acts of Assembly of the Province of North Carolina, Begun and held at Newbern the second day of March

1774 (Newbern, 1774, pp. 567-612), believed to be the last legislative session of that province whose proceedings are on record, and of the *Journal of the Convention of Alabama Territory, begun July 5, 1819* (Huntsville, 1819, pp. 40), of which only three copies are known to exist. These reprints have been issued in very small editions, thirty-one copies of the former and fifty-seven of the latter.

The articles in the October number of the History Teacher's Magazine are of more than usual interest to teachers of history. The leading article in the issue is "New Ideas of History", by Dr. G. G. Benjamin. The December number of the Magazine reprints from the Alumni Register of November, 1907, Professor E. P. Cheyney's address, "What is History?", delivered before the graduate school of the University of Pennsylvania in October, 1907.

Mr. Victor H. Paltsits's paper, "Tragedies in New York's Public Records", appears in part (with some additions) in the July issue of the Magazine of History. In the issue of that periodical for September are: "The Upper Mississippi a Century Ago", by L. A. Chase; "The Birthplace of the State of New York", by Isaac N. Mills; and "An American Loyalist: Moody of New Jersey" (first paper), by M. G. Sausser.

In The Doctrine of Non-Suability of the State in the United States (Johns Hopkins University Studies), Dr. Karl Singewald has presented a careful study of the questions of public law involved in the doctrine of the state's immunity from suit. The opening chapters trace the doctrine as found in English law and as resting upon the federal Constitution, but the study is in the main devoted to the relation of the doctrine to suits against public officers.

The Sovereignty of the States, by Mr. Walter Neale (New York and Washington, Neale Publishing Company, 1910, pp. 143), is an oration delivered on the battle-ground of Manassas, July 21, 1910, to the survivors of the Eighth Virginia Regiment. It ranges over the whole course of United States history from the point of view of one upholding states'-rights views in an extreme form.

The Macmillan Company have lately brought out a new and greatly revised edition of the *Industrial History of the United States* by Miss Katharine Coman, professor in Wellesley College, a book first published in 1905.

The Macmillan Company have published The Great White North: the Story of Polar Exploration from the Earliest Times to the Discovery of the Pole, by Mrs. Helen Smith Wright.

The New York State Education Department has issued an illustrated historical account of *The American Flag*, edited by H. H. Homer.

Mrs. Alice Morse Earle's interesting work, Two Centuries of Costume in America, has been brought out by Macmillan in a one-volume edition which includes all the illustrations of the two-volume edition.

Houghton Mifflin Company published in November Education in the United States, by President Charles F. Thwing. The volume treats primarily the development of education during the last forty-five years.

Frederic J. Stimson's new work, Popular Law-Making: a Study of the History and the Tendencies of English and American Legislation, has been published by Scribner.

Sir Harry H. Johnston's *The Negro in the New World* has been brought out by Macmillan, and will be reviewed in an early number of this journal.

The Bureau of American Ethnology expects to issue in January the second volume of its *Handbook of American Indians*, containing the articles from N to Z.

The principal paper in the Records of the American Catholic Historical Society for March is upon the early history (latter eighteenth century) of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Philadelphia, by Martin I. J. Griffin. The number for June presents a preliminary account (continued in the September number) of the baptismal registers of that church, and a body of interesting notes from the archiepiscopal archives of Baltimore. Among the contents of the September number are a "History of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Philadelphia, from 1845 to 1853", by Martin I. J. Griffin, an English translation of a letter of Father Gibault to George Rogers Clark, May 10, 1780, and a variety of other documentary materials.

The American Jewish Historical Society will hold its nineteenth annual meeting in Philadelphia on February 12 and 13.

A paper on the history of the Mormons was read by Professor Eduard Meyer at the session of the philosophical-historical class of the Prussian Academy on July 7, and may be found in the Sitzungsberichte for that date.

## ITEMS ARRANGED IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

It is expected that Mr. Henry Vignaud's Nouvelles Études sur Colomb will appear in two large volumes this winter.

A committee headed by the Mayor of Southampton is engaged in an effort to commemorate the three-hundredth anniversary of the sailing of the *Mayflower* from that place by the erection of an elaborate monument, for which American as well as English gifts are solicited. The honorary secretary of the committee is Professor F. J. C. Hearnshaw. American donations may at present be sent to Mr. H. A. Cushing, secretary of the New England Society, 43 Cedar Street, New York. The balance still required is two thousand pounds.

In a pamphlet entitled New Facts concerning John Robinson, Pastor of the Pilgrim Fathers (Oxford, University Press, 1910, pp. 35), Mr. Champlin Burrage has brought together some interesting facts concern-

ing a manuscript discovered by him in the Bodleian Library entitled "An answer to Robinson the Brownists arguments", and some inferences from the document, which among other facts shows that Robinson was for some time an assistant in the ministry of St. Andrew's Church in Norwich.

Mr. James Haddon, of Uniontown, Pennsylvania, whose book, Washington's Expeditions and Braddock's Expedition, was mentioned in these pages of the October Review, comes forth with a book entitled: The French and Indian War, or the Conflict between Two Great Nations for Supremacy in the Mississippi Valley.

Messrs. Charles Henry Hart and Edward Biddle of Philadelphia will publish shortly *Memoirs of the Life and Works of Jean Antoine Houdon*. The work will contain thirty photogravure illustrations and be printed by the De Vinne Press in an edition of 350 copies.

In his monograph American Commercial Legislation before 1789 (pp. 167) Dr. A. A. Giesecke has done a useful piece of work in bringing together the scattered material on the subject. The book has been brought out by the University of Pennsylvania.

It is understood that Mr. J. M. Lear of the State Normal School, Farmville, Virginia, is writing a biography of Charles Fenton Mercer (1778–1858).

A book that should possess large interest and value is the work of Professor P. J. Treat, entitled *The National Land System*, 1785–1820, and the Westward Movement, recently published by E. B. Treat and Company.

Volume IX. (December, 1813, to May, 1814) of The Documentary History of the Campaigns upon the Niagara Frontier in 1812–1814, collected and edited for the Lundy's Lane Historical Society by Lieutenant-Colonel E. Cruikshank, F.R.S.C. (Welland, Tribune Office, pp. 351, xxviii), although bearing the imprint date, 1908, has only recently been received. The documents include general orders, official reports, letters, extracts from newspapers, etc., and describe the various phases of the campaigns from the view-points of both sides. The materials are gathered from many printed sources and not a few manuscript collections have been drawn upon. Such a compilation is invaluable for studying the campaigns to which it relates.

The Clipper Ship Era, 1843-1869, an account of the noted clippers of the United States and Great Britain and of their owners, builders, commanders, and crews, by Arthur H. Clark, has been brought out by G. P. Putnam's Sons.

Robert Hall McCormick and James Hall Shields have prepared and published in attractive form *The Life and Works of Robert McCormick, including his Invention of the Reaper*. The chief design of the authors'

labors is to support the claims in behalf of Robert McCormick for his invention of the reaper, and considerable space is devoted to the documentary evidence in the case.

Houghton Mifflin Company have brought out an edition of speeches and letters of Richard H. Dana, jr., edited with an introductory sketch and notes by Richard H. Dana, 3rd. The book bears the title Speeches in Stirring Times and Letters to a Son. Among the speeches that are of interest to historical students are those on the Monroe Doctrine, the fugitive slave law, and the Free Soil movement.

New volumes in Messrs. Jacobs's series of American Crisis Biographies are: William H. Seward, by Edward Everett Hale, jr., Stephen A. Douglas, by Henry Parker Willis, and William Lloyd Garrison, by Lindsay Swift.

A fifth edition, revised and enlarged, of Edwin Rossiter Johnson's History of the War of Secession, 1861–1865, has been brought out by Wessells and Bissell Company.

The Review of Reviews Company is issuing, in a series of ten volumes entitled *Photographic History of the Civil War*, a reproduction of a series of 3500 photographs of war-time scenes and events taken by the famous photographer Mathew B. Brady.

Rev. Dr. Randolph H. McKim of Washington, who served as a private under Stonewall Jackson, as a staff officer under General Robert E. Lee, and as a cavalry captain under General Fitz-Hugh Lee, has published through Messrs. Longmans, Green, and Company A Soldier's Recollections: Leaves from the Diary of a Young Confederate.

Recollections of Alexander H. Stephens, by Myrta Lockett Avery, has been published by Doubleday, Page, and Company. Included in the volume is the diary kept by Stephens during his imprisonment at Fort Warren. The diary contains recollections of Stephens's early life and political career and also estimates of men and measures.

The State Company of Columbia, South Carolina, have brought out the *Memoirs of the War of Secession* prepared by the late General Johnson Hagood. The memoirs, which relate for the most part to the services of General Hagood personally and to those of his immediate associates, were written in 1871, and have been edited by U. R. Brooks. The editor's services appear to have consisted in making a list of errata, several pages in extent, after the book had come from the printers.

The Diary of an Enlisted Man, by Lawrence Van Alstyne (New Haven, The Tuttle, Morehouse, and Taylor Company, pp. 348), is the record of experiences kept by a private in a New York company from August, 1862, to June, 1864, whose services were principally in Louisiana.

The Battle of the Wilderness, by Morris Schaff, which appeared in installments in the Atlantic Monthly, has now been published by Houghton Mifflin Company in book form.

The Origin of the National Banking System, by Andrew McFarland Davis, which has been issued by the National Monetary Commission (61 Cong., 2 sess., Sen. Doc. No. 582), is a study of the inception and growth of the idea and of the development of the measure into its final form through several years of agitation in Congress. The distinctive value of the monograph is the light thrown upon the history of the measure by the correspondence of Secretary Chase, which Mr. Davis has thoroughly examined. The attitude of the public is also brought out through newspaper comment, speeches in Congress, and other means. The full text of the act upon which the national banking system rests is given in an appendix, as is also that of the Hooper Bill, an earlier form of the measure, which failed of passage.

Mr. Alexander D. Noyes has prepared for the National Monetary Commission a brief *History of the National-Bank Currency* (61 Cong., 2 sess., Sen. Doc. No. 572, pp. 20).

The Knights of St. Crispin, 1867–1874: a Study in the Industrial Causes of Trade Unionism, by Don D. Leschoier (Bulletin of the University of Wisconsin, no. 355, pp. 101), forms an interesting chapter in the history of industry as well as of industrial organization in the United States. The Knights of St. Crispin were a national organization of shoemakers, and it is the conclusion of the author that they were "the first great protest of America's workingmen against the abuse of machinery".

Colonel William H. Crook's reminiscences of life in the White House from the days of Lincoln to that of Garfield have been brought out by Harper and Brothers under the title *Through Five Administrations*.

The Trade Union Label, by Dr. Ernest R. Spedden, is a recent number of the Johns Hopkins University Studies. The author has traced carefully the history of the label from its first use by the Cigar Makers' Association of the Pacific Coast in 1875. The treatment covers also the form of the label, its administration, financing, and other aspects of its use.

Mr. Theodore Stanton and Mrs. Stanton Blatch are engaged in the preparation of *The Letters of Elizabeth Cady Stanton: an Epistolary Biography*, which will be published by Putnam.

The Government Printing Office has completed the first volume of the new set of *Executive Journals of the Senate*. This set is to extend the printing of these journals over the period from 1891 to 1905 (52d–58th Congresses) and will fill at least seven volumes, numbered XXVIII. to XXXIV. The edition is of only 250 copies. The volume now finished, volume XXVIII., covers both sessions of the 52d Congress and the special session of the 53rd. The indexes, five for each session, making fifteen separate alphabets in all, fill forty per cent. of the volume.

Doubleday, Page, and Company, have issued the *Presidential Addresses and State Papers* of President Taft, March 4, 1909, to March 5, 1910.

## LOCAL ITEMS, ARRANGED IN GEOGRAPHICAL ORDER

Mr. J. M. Dent has published in Everyman's Library a volume entitled The Pilgrim Fathers (pp. xvii, 364), with a quite unsatisfactory introduction by Mr. John Masefield. It reprints (text and notes) the Congregational Board of Publication's edition of Morton's New England's Memorial (1855), Captain John Smith's New England's Trials, and Alexander Young's edition (1844) of Cushman's Discourse, of Winslow's Good News from New England, and of his brief narration appended to Hypocrisie Unmasked. Thus it makes good out-of-print matter accessible, with notes mostly good but sometimes antiquated.

Mr. H. M. Sylvester's *Indian Wars of New England*, in three sumptuous volumes, has just been issued by the W. B. Clarke Company. The author supplements his narrative with liberal extracts from the sources.

The Maine Historical Society has received as a gift from Mrs. Ellen S. Roach about one hundred letters written during the War of 1812 to General William King, and from Philip F. Turner, esq., a large collection of papers relating to the history of Cape Elizabeth.

Volume XV. of the *Documentary History of the State of Maine*, published by the Maine Historical Society (Portland, Lefavor-Tower Company, 1910, pp. xviii, 478) and edited by Mr. James Phinney Baxter, consists of documents relating to Maine in the Revolution—1777 and the first four months of 1778. Their source or the present location of the originals is nowhere indicated. Apparently they come from the Council records of Massachusetts. The military events recorded are of slight importance—British descents on Machias, Wiscasset, and the like—but the life of the period, so far as the war affected it, is portrayed in detail.

Volume XXX. of the *New Hampshire State Papers* is preceded by an introduction giving an account of the Revolutionary archives of New Hampshire, written by the editor, Dr. Albert S. Batchellor.

The Prince Society has issued the first volume of Colonial Currency Reprints edited by Mr. Andrew McFarland Davis. The series will embrace all the known tracts on currency which appeared in Massachusetts from 1682 to 1751, fifty-eight in number. Sixteen of these, running to 1721, are printed in the present volume, with elaborate notes by an editor whose erudition in this field is well known.

The Proceedings of the American Antiquarian Society for April, 1910 (new series, vol. XX., pt. 2), contain a body of letters illustrating life at Harvard College a century ago, from the papers of Stephen Salisbury

of the class of 1817; an article by Mr. F. W. Hodge on the Jumano Indians and the identification of them with a branch of the Wichitas; and a careful account, with lists, of the libraries of the Mathers, by Mr. Julius H. Tuttle.

The new building of the American Antiquarian Society is now completed and occupied. Its volumes of Royal Proclamations respecting America, which the librarian, Mr. Clarence S. Brigham, has been editing, are ready for issue. The New England Historic Genealogical Society has deposited its large collection of maps in this new building at Worcester.

The National Society of the Colonial Dames of America intends to publish two volumes of the Correspondence of Governor William Shirley of Massachusetts, in similar form to that of Miss Kimball's Corresponence of William Pitt. The editor of the volumes, Dr. Charles H. Lincoln of 22 Dean street, Worcester, Massachusetts, would be glad to be informed of letters written by or to Shirley, that might otherwise escape his knowledge.

The *Proceedings* of the Massachusetts Historical Society for October, 1909, to June, 1910 (volume XLIII.), appears just as this journal goes to press. The *Proceedings* for October, 1910, consist mainly of a paper by Mr. Charles Francis Adams on the American campaign of 1777.

The Massachusetts Magazine proposes to publish a number of articles on the great historical libraries of Massachusetts and inaugurates the series with an account of the library of the Massachusetts Historical Society, by A. W. Dennis. The article includes a list of some of the more notable unpublished groups of papers in the society's collections.

Any clue to unpublished material by or relating to Harrison Gray Otis (1765–1848) will be gratefully received by Mr. S. E. Morison, 8 Otis Place, Boston, who is preparing a biography on that subject.

An interesting volume on *Boston Common* richly illustrated has been privately printed at the Merrymount Press by Mr. M. A. DeWolfe Howe.

A Historical Sketch of the First Congregational Church, Sturbridge, Massachusetts, by Professor George H. Haynes (Worcester, 1910), a pamphlet of sixty-eight pages, is distinguished from the run of such discourses by the superior intelligence with which the history of the church is studied and by the manner in which the preservation of certain unusual records makes possible the illustration of the social and mental life of the church.

The Rhode Island Historical Society has come into possession of the papers of John Howland (1757–1854) who was for many years president of the society and was especially interested in the history of the Plymouth Colony.

The first number (January, 1911) of *The New Netherland Register*, edited and published by Dingman Versteeg of 99 Nassau street, New York, has appeared. This number contains sixteen pages, occupied principally with sketches of some New Netherland pioneers. The *Register* is to be published monthly.

The Rough List of Manuscripts in the Library of the Buffalo Historical Society, which was printed in volume XIV. of the society's Publications, has been issued as a separate.

The September number of Olde Ulster contains an article on Slavery in Ulster County.

The Free Public Library of Jersey City has issued an historical souvenir of the 250th anniversary of the founding of Bergen, observed during the week of October 16 to 23, 1910. The souvenir bears the title Bergen and Jersey City (pp. 36), is illustrated, and contains an outline of the history of the two cities, and a chapter on manners and customs of the time prior to the Revolution.

The pages of the July number of the Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography are occupied principally with the record of the formal opening (April 6 and 7) of the society's new building. Of chief interest among the addresses delivered on the occasion may be mentioned that of Hon. S. W. Pennypacker, who recounted the history of the society, and that of Mr. Charles Francis Adams, who spoke in favor of "a wiser discrimination and a more scientific differentiation" on the part of historical societies in the preservation of historical materials.

The Acts and Proceedings of the fifth annual meeting (January 6, 1910) of the Pennsylvania Federation of Historical Societies contains a useful conspectus of the work done by the several historical societies of the state during the preceding year.

Hon. Samuel W. Pennypacker has brought out through William J. Campbell of Philadelphia a collection of his special studies in Pennsylvania history bearing the title: *Pennsylvania in American History*. The principal of these studies deal with subjects of the Revolution and the Civil War.

Under the caption "Causes of Migration to America" the *Pennsylvania German* prints in its September issue a collection of extracts from various writers bearing especially upon the earlier German migrations. In Mr. C. H. Williston's series, "Indian Chiefs of Pennsylvania", the paper in the September number is on Tadeuskund, that in the October number on Tammany.

G. P. Putnam's Sons have published *The Wilderness Trail*, in two volumes, by Charles A. Hanna. On the title page appears also the following: "The Ventures and Adventures of the Pennsylvania Traders on the Alleghany Path, with some New Annals of the Old West, and the Records of some Strong Men and some Scoundrels". It is understood

that the author has made use of considerable material hitherto unpublished and has thrown new light on some phases of Indian activities connected with the French and Indian War.

Much of the contents of the September number of the Maryland Historical Magazine relate to the Revolutionary War. There is a series of letters from Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Smith to General Washington (September to November, 1777) describing the defense of Fort Mifflin; an extract from the journal of Baron de Closen (from the Rochambeau Papers in the Library of Congress) relating to the movement of French troops in Maryland in the summer of 1782; some documents found among the British archives which relate to the burning of the Peggy Stewart and finally there is a group of letters (1777–1779) to the governor of Maryland from executives of other states.

Among the numerous documents which are printed in the October number of the Virginia Magazine of History and Biography the following may be mentioned as possessing special interest: a letter of Ralph Wormely, jr., April 4, 1776, to John Grymes, who was serving under Lord Dunmore—a letter which aroused suspicion as to his attachment to the American cause; documents in the case of Matthew Phripp, charged with disloyalty (1775); a proclamation of Richard Henderson and company calling a convention at Harrodsburg in 1775; a contract between the proprietors and the people of Transylvania (1775); an ordinance for a general test proposed in the Virginia convention in August, 1775; and a number of items (minutes of the Council for Foreign Plantations, orders of the king and council, etc.) pertaining to the government of Virginia, 1662–1665. The principal items of the Randolph manuscript relate to Lord Culpepper's administration (1682–1683).

The William and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine for October contains an article on "The Use and Abuse of Forests by the Virginia Indians" by Hu Maxwell. The writer has drawn his materials from many sources.

Professor James Mercer Garnett of Baltimore has printed in a pamphlet of sixty-two pages a Biographical Sketch of Hon. James Mercer Garnett of Elmwood, Essex County, Virginia, with a genealogy of the Mercer-Garnett and Mercer families.

The Historical Commission of the State of North Carolina has decided to print the German version of Christoph von Graffenried's account of his American adventures, to be edited by Professor Julius Goebel of the University of Illinois. This version is more interesting and valuable than the French version hitherto known. The differences between the two will be noted, and the drawings, maps, etc., will be reproduced from the original manuscript.

The addresses delivered at the unveiling of the bust of William A. Graham in Raleigh on January 12, 1910, have been brought out by the

North Carolina Historical Commission as bulletin no. 7 of the commission's *Publications*. The principal address was by Mr. Frank Nash, upon the life and services of William A. Graham. As bulletin no. 8 the commission has issued a documentary history of *Canova's Statue of Washington* (pp. 96), with an introduction by Mr. R. D. W. Connor. The statue was ordered by the state of North Carolina in 1815, set up in 1821, but destroyed by the burning of the state house in 1831. The presentation to the state by the Italian government of a plaster replica of the original model furnishes the occasion of this history.

The Trinity College Historical Society, of Durham, North Carolina, has inaugurated a series called *The John Lawson Monographs*, distinct from the society's *Annual Publication of Historical Papers*. The first of these monographs to be issued is *The Autobiography of Brantley York* (pp. xv, 139), for which Mr. E. C. Brooks writes an introduction. Brantley York was an itinerant teacher and preacher whose life stretched well across the nineteenth century (1805–1891) and whose labors extended throughout the state of North Carolina and beyond, and the story of his life, told in simple fashion by himself, throws a good deal of light on social and religious conditions in the state.

The South Carolina Historical Commission has published a volume of *Warrants of Lands in South Carolina*, 1672–1679 (Columbia, 1910, pp. 222), edited by Mr. A. S. Salley, Jr., secretary of the commission.

Beginning in January of the present year Dr. Thomas M. Owen, director of the Department of Archives and History of the state of Alabama, will issue a quarterly periodical devoted to Alabama history and called the *Alabama History Journal*. Articles, original documents, reviews of books, and news will be included in the journal's contents.

The library of Yale University has recently come into possession of the manuscript journal of an expedition into the Southwest by Henry L. Ellsworth. It is dated from Fort Gibson, November 17, 1832, covers 116 foolscap pages, and has much material respecting the manners and customs of the Indian tribes.

Mr. E. S. Miller contributes to the July issue of the Quarterly of the Texas State Historical Association a paper on "The State Finances of Texas during the Civil War", and to the October issue a similar paper dealing with the period of Reconstruction. Of especial interest are two documentary publications. In the July number are printed "The Reminiscences of Henry Smith", written as a letter to M. B. Lamar (November 18, 1836), when Smith was secretary of the treasury of the Republic of Texas. The document is among the Lamar papers in the Texas State Library. The other document, printed in the October number, is a part of a memorial presented by Major John Tyler, in October, 1863, to the governor and authorities of Texas, appealing to them to take the initiative in demanding protection of France on the basis of the guarantees ir

the Louisiana Purchase Treaty. Mr. C. W. Ramsdell writes an introduction to the memorial, discussing its possible origins.

The Territorial Governors of the Old Northwest, by Dwight G. Mc-Carty, a recent issue of the Torch Press, includes accounts of some of the early governors of the territories of Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin.

The Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly for October prints some letters of political interest (1866–1867) from R. P. L. Baber to Senator James R. Doolittle, with a biographical sketch of Baber, by Duane Mowry, and an account of "Bowman's Expedition against Chillicothe, May–June, 1779", from the Draper manuscripts. There is also a paper on "La Salle's Route down the Ohio", by E. L. Taylor, and an address, "Significance of Perry's Victory", by I. J. Cox.

The papers of Governor Allen Trimble and of his grandaughter Mrs. Thompson, brought together and arranged by Mrs. Mary McArthur Tuttle of Hillsborough, Ohio, have been transferred to the custody of the Western Reserve Historical Society at Cleveland.

A brief paper concerning the public documents of Indiana, by John A. Lapp, legislative reference librarian of the state library, appears in the September issue of the *Indiana Quarterly Magazine of History*.

Professor C. M. Alvord contributes to the October number of the *Journal of the Illinois State Historical Society* a number of letters written by Edward Cole, Indian commissioner in the Illinois Country, 1766–1769. The letters are to Sir William Johnson and to George Croghan, and are drawn from the Sir William Johnson manuscripts in the New York State Library. Another item of some interest is an autobiographical letter of Edward Coles, governor of Illinois from 1823 to 1826, written to W. C. Flagg in 1861.

The Register of the Kentucky State Historical Society for September publishes an interesting letter concerning Kentucky written by Otto, the French chargé d'affaires, to Count Vergennes, dated March 11, 1786. The letter is printed in an English translation made for the Register by Mr. Waldo G. Leland. The omission of French accents is perhaps pardonable if the printing office does not possess French type, but the title-page prefixed to the letter contains several other errors that are not so easily excused. To the same number of the Register Miss Martha Stephenson contributes a first paper upon "Education in Harrodsburg and Neighorhood since 1775", and Mrs. Elizabeth Snow Sturges some "Recollections of Louis Kossuth in Washington".

Kentucky: Mother of Governors, by John Wilson Townsend (Frankfort, The Kentucky State Historical Society, pp. 50), gives brief sketches of those Kentuckians, native, adopted, "sojourner", and a few others, who have been governors of any of the states or territories. Missouri

heads the list with ten natives to her credit (to leave uncounted the adopted and the sojourners) and Illinois comes next with seven.

The Prehistoric Men of Kentucky, by Bennett H. Young (Louisville, Morton), is the latest of the Filson Club Publications.

The Burton Library of Detroit, Michigan, has come into possession of the papers of Alpheus S. Felch, commissioner of banking in Michigan in the days of the "wild cat" banks, governor of the state, 1846–1847, and United States senator, 1847–1853.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin has acquired the valuable manuscript collections of the late George H. Paul of Milwaukee. It has also come into possession of the site of the old Black Hawk War fort at Blue Mound.

Volume XIX. of the Collections of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin (pp. xxii, 528), edited by Dr. Reuben Gold Thwaites, comprises the following groups of documents: Mackinac Register of Baptisms and Interments, 1695-1821; A Wisconsin Fur-Trader's Journal, 1804-1805; The Fur-Trade on the Upper Lakes, 1778-1815; and The Fur-Trade in Wisconsin, 1815-1817. The fur-trader's journal kept by François Victor Malhiot, a clerk in the service of the North-West Fur Company at Lac du Flambeau, gives an insight into the rude life of the region and also into the methods employed in the fur-trade. This and the Mackinac register occupy about half the volume. The documents which occupy the remainder of the volume consist for the most part of official, business, and friendly letters which relate primarily to the fur-trade or throw light upon it. After 1815 the United States government, through its relation to the Indians, plays an important part in the business. The letters which are not in the possession of the society are drawn mainly from the federal archives and from the library of Mr. C. M. Burton of Detroit. Dr. Thwaites has edited the material with his usual thoroughness.

The principal article in the October number of the *Iowa Journal of History and Politics* is a history of "The County Judge System of Iowa with Special Reference to its Workings in Pottawattamie County", by N. A. Crawford, jr. The system as it existed in Iowa from 1851 to 1861 was anomalous among American institutions. A brief paper on "The Scope of Iowa History" is contributed by Louis Pelzer.

The Missouri Historical Society has recently acquired several valuable files of Missouri newspapers, principal among which is the *Liberty Tribune* of Clay County, Missouri, 1846–1885. Among the manuscript acquisitions of the society are letters from members of the Doniphan expedition and from the California gold seekers in 1849.

The Nebraska State Historical Society has just issued an Outline of Nebraska History, edited by Mr. Albert Watkins, in which events of the history of the state are set forth in methodical order under

subheadings, accompanied by references to books and records forming the only comprehensive bibliography of Nebraska history yet published.

The Torch Press announces for publication early in 1911 Leading Facts in New Mexican History, by Ralph E. Twitchell, author of The Military Occupation of New Mexico. The work will be in two volumes and will bring the treatment down practically to the present time.

Professor F. G. Young's third paper on "The Financial History of Oregon", which appears in the June number of the Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society, relates to the sale of Oregon lands. T. C. Elliott contributes to this number additional portions of the journal of Peter Skene Ogden on the Snake Expedition of 1826–1827; John Minto writes "What I know of Dr. McLoughlin and how I know it"; and B. F. Manring records "Recollections of a Pioneer of 1859", the pioneer being, not Mr. Manring, but Lawson Stockman.

In a volume entitled *Heroes of California*, which Little, Brown, and Company have published, Mr. George Wharton James has made the founders of the state tell their own stories as far as possible.

Messrs. Wrong and Langton's Review of Historical Publications relating to Canada, volume XIV. (Toronto, University Press, 1910, pp. xii, 209), covers the publications of the year 1909 with the same fullness, care, and discrimination in judging which have characterized its predecessors.

Lieutenant-Colonel Cruikshank's Inventory of the Military Documents in the Canadian Archives (Publications of the Canadian Archives, no. 2, Ottawa, 1910, pp. 370), referred to in our last issue, has now appeared. It presents statements, generally varying from four to ten lines in length, of the contents of 1847 volumes and 350 portfolios of papers belonging to the series called "C", together with a full index. Series C embraces letters and despatches, with their various enclosures, which accumulated in the office of the Military Secretary to the Commander of the Forces in Canada from 1786 to 1873, the letter books of that official and his chief from 1795 to 1870, his general order books from 1811 to 1870, and less complete sets of the letter books of other military officials. Its value to United States history is in certain parts considerable.

We have received volumes I. and II. of the *Papers and Records* of the Lenox and Addington Historical Society. The society is located at Napanee, Ontario, and derives its name from two counties of the province. The first volume includes some chronicles of Napanee, written in 1873 and 1874, an account of the origin of some of the local names of the region, by W. S. Herrington, notes of early ecclesiastical history of the Bay of Quinte district, contributed by Rev. Canon Jarvis, and a description of amusements among the early settlers, by C. M. Warner. The second volume includes, besides some articles of local

interest, a paper on early education in the province, by Frederick Burrows. It is a misfortune that in the indexes the names are not arranged in precise alphabetical order.

Three Premiers of Nova Scotia, by Dr. Edward M. Saunders (Toronto, Briggs, 1909, pp. 628), and Mr. Joseph A. Chisholm's edition of the Speeches and Public Letters of Joseph Howe (Halifax, Chronicle Publishing Company, 1909, two volumes, pp. 668, 680), are important contributions to much more than the history of Nova Scotia. J. W. Johnstone, Howe, and Tupper, the three premiers of Dr. Saunders's book, were statesmen of great influence on the development of the Dominion in general.

Bermuda, Past and Present: a Descriptive and Historical Account of the Somers Islands, by W. B. Hayward, has been brought out by Dodd, Mead, and Company.

The volume by General Weyler referred to in our last issue is one of five entitled Mi Mando en Cuba (10 Febrero 1896 à 31 Octubre 1897): Historia Militar y Política de la Ultima Guerra Separatista durante dicho Mando, published by Felipe G. Rojas, Madrid. A second volume has now appeared.

Volume XXVI. of Señor Genaro García's Documentos Inéditos ó muy Raros para la Historia de México contained a body of documents on the revolution following the Plan of Ayutla, drawn from the archives of General Manuel Doblado. Volume XXXI. (Mexico, Bouret, 1910, pp. 265) continues this material by the printing of 123 letters, of dates running from the end of November, 1855, to the end of July, 1866. The volume is entitled Los Gobiernos de Alvarez y Comonfort, and furnishes a vivid picture not only of Doblado's striking character but of the political complications called into existence by the Conservatives in their struggle against ecclesiastical and social reform.

In the "School of Higher Studies" of the National University of Mexico, recently founded, authoritative professors are being engaged to reside at the City of Mexico for three months each year during their terms of office and to lecture to students whose qualifications are graduation from a university school (college) and high honors in subjects related to that to be pursued. It is expected that these professors will devote these courses to research as well as to instruction. Among those already appointed are Professors Baldwin (Baltimore, philosophy and social science), Boas (New York, anthropology), Capitan (Paris, ethnology), and Rowe (Philadelphia, political science). A professor of history is soon to be appointed.

Señor José Toribio Medina of Santiago de Chile, the eminent bibliographer, has just published La Imprenta en Guatemala, 1660-1821, a large volume of more than seven hundred pages, containing 2642 titles extending from the beginning of printing in that city.

An Academy of the History of Cuba has been created at Havana by decree of August 20, 1910. Composed of thirty members appointed by the government, this academy will deal with the general interests of Cuban history and will publish a review.

Dr. Georg Friederici, whose scholarly researches into Indian customs, in particular his Skalpieren und Ähnliche Kriegsgebräuche in America (1906) and Die Schiffahrt der Indianer (1907), have received high commendation, has brought out a brochure upon Die Amazonen Amerikas (Leipzig, Simmel, pp. 23). The author has for years been gathering materials upon this subject; the aim in this pamphlet is to point out the many-sided character of the Amazon legends and to maintain (in opposition to the recent contention of Lasch) that the Amazons must not be relegated to the domain of myth.

Señor Rafael M. de Labra's Orientación Americana de España (Madrid, 1910) is the second part of the author's work, La Orientación Internacional de España, and aims in particular to emphasize the spiritual influence of Spain in America.

The third triennial volume of Los Pueblos Hispanoamericanos en el Siglo XX., prepared by Ricardo Beltrán y Rózpide, has been issued in Madrid. The volume comprises a summary of events, chiefly political and economic, in the several Spanish-American countries during the years 1907–1909. The intervention of the United States in Cuba receives extensive treatment, as do also Panama, the interoceanic canal, and Central American affairs. There is a separate chapter on the international life of Spanish America.

The Hakluyt Society will shortly issue a volume of the correspondence of Storm van 's Gravesande, an important governor of Dutch Guiana, 1743–1772, edited by Messrs. J. A. J. de Villiers of the British Museum and C. A. Harris of the Colonial Office. Governor Storm's papers were, it may be remembered, of much significance in the discussion of the Guiana-Venezuela and Guiana-Brazil boundaries.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: R. Pietschmann, Bericht des Diego Rodriguez de Figueroa über seine Verhandlungen mit dem Inka Titu Cusi Yupanqui in den Anden von Villcapampa (Nachrichten von der K. Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften zu Göttingen, Phil.-Hist. Kl., 1910, 2); Henry Vignaud, L'Ancienne et la Nouvelle Campagne pour la Canonisation de Christophe Colomb (Journal de la Société des Américanistes de Paris, VI.); Julius Goebel, Die Gründung von Neu-Bern in Nord-Carolina (Internationale Wochenschrift, October 1); L.-A. Prud-homme, Le Nord-Ouest Canadien après la Conquête, 1760-1784 (Revue Canadienne, September-November); Mme. B. Van Vorst, L'Amérique au XVIIIe Siècle, d'après un Voyageur Français (Revue des Deux Mondes, November); Halvdan Koht, The Genesis of American Independence (Christiania Videnskabs-Selskabs Forhandlinger,

1910, 3); J. E. Dow, Some Passages in the Life of Commodore John Barry (American Catholic Historical Researches, October); Henry G. Ellis, The Influence of Industrial and Educational Leaders on the Secession of Virginia (South Atlantic Quarterly, October); Gideon Welles, Diary of the Reconstruction Period, IX., X., XI. (Atlantic Monthly, October, November, December); Walter L. Fleming, General William T. Sherman as a History Teacher (Educational Review, October); Brigadier-General Frederick Funston, To Cuba as a Freebooter; Cascowa, the first Cuban Siege; The Fall of Guaimaro; A Defeat and a Victory (Scribner's Magazine, September, October, November, December).